

## The Gazette



## of India

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NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1949

## NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published during the week ending the 22nd June 1949 : -

S. No	No and Date	Issued by	Subject
	No. I (34), dated the 13th May 1949.	Ministry of Rehabilitation	Possession of and control over evacuees' Properties in the Province of Delhi.
2	No. 42, dated the 15th June 1949	Central Board of Revenue	Rules for assembling in bond of motor vehicles imported in accordance with the special procedure agreed between the Governments of India and Pakistan.
3	No. 91-C. W. (8)/49, dated the 15th June 1949.	Ministry of Commerce.	Cancellation of the Open General Licence No. 5
4	No 38 (2)-T.B./49, dated the 16th June 1949.	Ditto	Recommendations of the Tariff Board on the protection to the hurricane lantern industry.
5	No 33 (1)- T.B./49, dated the 17th June 1949.	Ditto	Recommendations of the Tariff Board on the protection to the Sugar Industry.
6	No 8/11/49-Judl., dated the 20th June 1949.	Ministry of Home Affairs	Extension to the Province of Delhi of the Punjab Excise (East Punjab Amendment) Act, 1948 (East Punjab Act IX of 1948) with certain modifications.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

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**PART I—Section 1**  
**Government of India Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations and Orders, and Resolutions (other than the Ministry of Defence)**

**CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA**

*New Delhi, the 21st June 1949*

**No. GA/8/Ser/49.**—The following gentlemen have been duly chosen as representatives of Kashmir State in the Constituent Assembly of India:—

1. Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah.
2. Mirza Mohammad Afzal Beg.
3. Maulana Mohammad Sayeed Masoodi.
4. Shri Moti Ram Bagda.

S. N. MUKERJEE, Joint Secy

**PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT**

*New Delhi, the 20th June 1949*

**No. 3-H.**—The following extracts from the *London Gazette*, dated the 4th January 1949, are published for general information:—

THE GRAND PRIORY IN THE BRITISH REALM OF  
THE VENERABLE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL  
OF ST JOHN OF JERUSALEM.

CLANCERY OF THE ORDER,  
ST. JOHN'S GATE, CLERKENWELL,  
LONDON, E.C. 1.

*22nd December 1948.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to sanction the following Promotions, and Appointments to, the Venerable Order of the Hospital of St John of Jerusalem:—

*	*	*	*	*
<i>As Associate Knights</i>				
*	*	*	*	*
Sardar Bahadur Balwant Singh Puri, C.I.E., O.B.E.				
Jivraj N. Mehta, M.D., M.R.C.P.				
Major-General Kekhasru Sorabji Master, M.C., K.H.P.				
*	*	*	*	*
<i>As Dames</i>				
Rajkumari Amrit Kaur				
*	*	*	*	*
<i>As Commanders (Brothers)</i>				
*	*	*	*	*
Major Frederick Tucker Dentker, O.B.E.				
Sir Arthur William Henry Dean, C.I.E., M.C.				
*	*	*	*	*
<i>As Associate Commanders (Brothers)</i>				
*	*	*	*	*
Zal Minocheher Contractor				
Kamalakar Chintaman Bakhle				
Khan Bahadur Captain Sorab Rustomji Mody.				
Colonel Bijtendra Basu, C.B.E.				
*	*	*	*	*
<i>As Commander (Sister)</i>				
Isabel Elmslie, Lady Hutton, C.B.E., M.D.				
<i>As Officers (Brothers)</i>				
William Fitzgerald Hervey.				
*	*	*	*	*

*As Associate Officers (Brothers)*

Ramrao Dharamaji Khade.  
 Ganpatrao Shivjee Vazkar, L.M. & S.  
 Gyan Swarup Vijoy.  
 Lieut.-Colonel Balkrishna Kesheo Sheorey.  
 Bij Mohan Jolly.  
 Rai Bahadur Captain Kananbehari Sen Roy, M.B.

\* \* \* \* \*

*As Officers (Sisters)*

\* \* \* \* \*

Lavender Mary, Mrs. Vosper.  
 Dorothy Grace, Mrs. Howard.

*As Serving Brothers*

\* \* \* \* \*

Dr. Frederick George Percival, O.B.E.  
 Cyril Preonath James.  
 Louis Marshal Pinto.

*As Associate Serving Brothers*

\* \* \* \* \*

Framroze Rustomjee Meherjee  
 Nawroji Dorabji Ummigur.  
 Prachshaw Mancherjee Kapadia.  
 Ashwani Kumar Mukerji.  
 Subbia Rengaraj.  
 Bhaskar Manilal Setalvad.

*As Serving Sisters*

\* \* \* \* \*

Eveline, Mrs. Rowland Jones.  
 Winifred Sorab, Mrs. Mody.  
 " \* \* \* \* \*

*As Associate Serving Sister*

Zinna, G., Miss Munshi.  
 DWARKANATH KACHRU,  
 Private Secretary to the Prime Minister

**MINISTRY OF LAW**

*New Delhi, the 18th June 1949*

**No. F. 35-I/49-L.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 175 of the Government of India Act, 1935, as adapted by the India (Provisional Constitution) Order, 1947, the Governor-General is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Law No. F.82-III/48-L, dated the 8th January 1949, relating to the execution of contracts and assurances of property, namely:—

1. In Part III of the said notification, in item 2:—
  - (i) for the words "*General Lighthouse Department*", the words "*Central Lighthouse Department*" shall be substituted;
  - (ii) for the words "*Lighthouses Department*" the words "*Lighthouse Department*" shall be substituted.
2. In Part V of the said notification, under Head M, for item 1, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—
  - (a) All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as security; by the *Military Accountant General and the Controllers of Military Accounts*,

(b) Agreements for the hire of houses required for the accommodation of Military Accounts Offices, by the Controllers of Military Accounts "

3. In Part XIII of the said notification. —

(i) The words "Salt Controller" wherever they occur in items 1, 2 and 3 shall be deleted

(ii) After item 7, the following item shall be added, namely:—

"8. In the case of the Salt Administration under the Salt Controller, Ministry of Industry and Supply —

(i) All contracts, deeds or other instruments relating to the execution of Salt Works or the purchase, sale or transport of salt, the supply of labour, stores, building materials, etc and any other like engagements relating to Salt Administration, by the Salt Controller or Deputy Salt Controller, Bombay or Madras or the General Manager, Rajputana Salt Sources Division, Sambhar Lake, within their respective jurisdictions

(ii) (a) Contracts for the lease of land in the control of the Salt Administration where such lease is otherwise permissible;

(b) Leases of land and leases and surrender of buildings or other immovable property,

(c) Security bonds in connection with the employment of cashiers and other subordinates who are required to handle Government money in the course of their official duty; and

(d) Contracts or other instruments for the purchase, supply and conveyance of furniture, stores, etc; by the Salt Controller or the Deputy Salt Controllers, Simla, Madras, Bombay, within their respective jurisdictions

(iii) Leases of whole Excise Salt factories in the Province of Madras; by the Deputy Salt Controller, Madras

(iv) Leases of whole Excise Salt factories in the Province of Orissa, by the Deputy Salt Controller, Simla.

(v) Leases of land for salt manufacture, by Salt Controller, Deputy Salt Controllers, Simla, Bombay, Madras or Assistant Salt Controllers, within their respective jurisdictions.

(vi) (a) Leases of land for salt manufacture in Government Salt factories in the Province of Madras;

(b) Leases of land for salt manufacture in Excise Salt factories in the Province of Madras, by the Deputy Salt Controller, Madras or the Assistant Salt Controllers within their respective jurisdictions.

(c) Leases of Government salt factories in Bombay; by the Deputy Salt Controller, Bombay.

(vii) All contracts, deeds or other instruments relating to the execution of Salt Works or the purchase, sale or transport of salt, the supply of labour or the purchase, supply and conveyance or carriage of stores, building materials, machinery, etc and contracts for petty construction and repairs and for Public Works of every description which are executed by the Salt Administration; by the Assistant Controllers of Salt, within their respective jurisdictions and within the limit of the value of Rs. 5,000

(viii) Contracts, deeds or instruments relating to salt imported into West Bengal and Orissa by sea, by the Salt Controller, Deputy Salt Controller, Simla, or within the limit of the value of Rs. 5,000 by the Assistant Salt Controller, Calcutta."

SIRI GOPAL SINGH, Dy Secy

## MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 17th June 1949

**No. 7/12/48-Ests.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.9/4/33-Ests., dated 20th September 1933, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to the said rules entries Nos. (67), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (76), (77), (78), (80) and (85) shall be omitted.

**No. 11/12/48-Ests.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to make the following further amendments in the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.9/4/33-Ests., dated the 27th November 1933, namely:—

In the said Schedule:—

(1) For the heading "Mysore Residency" the heading "Mysore Residency (Residuary) Office" shall be substituted and all entries under the following

works, Routine clerks, Typists, Caretaker	Deputy Secretary . . .	Deputy Secretary	All	Secretary.
Record-Sorters, Daftries, Jamadars, Dafadars, Peons and Farashos.	Assistant Secretary . . .	Assistant Secretary . . .	(i) to (e)	Deputy Secretary.
		Deputy Secretary	(vi) and (vii)	Secretary.

### Office of the Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces

Assistants, Clerks and stenographers	Military Adviser-in-Chief, I.S.F.	Military Adviser-in-Chief, I.S.F.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States,
Record-sorters, Daftries, Jamadars, peons and Farashes.	Dy. M.A.-in-C., I.S.F.	Dy. M.A.-in-C., I.S.F.	All	Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces.

sub-heads thereunder as also the said sub-heads shall be omitted, namely:—

"Residency, Residency Press, Bangalore Bowring Civil and Lady Curzon Hospitals, Hajee Sir Ismail Sait's Goshia Hospitals, Isolation Hospital, Office of the Collector and District Magistrate, Veterinary Hospital, District and Sessions Judge's Court, Police Department"

(2) The following heads and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted, namely —

"Hyderabad Residency" and "Madras States agency".

(3) For the heading "Central India Agency" the heading "Central India Regional Organisation" shall be substituted.

**No. 7/12/48-Ests.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.9-19/30 Ets, dated the 27th February 1932, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to the said Rules, for the entries relating to the Ministry of States, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*Office of the Military Advisers, Western India Circle & Southern India Circle*

Clerical establishment and Class IV servants.	Military Advisor.	Military Adviser . . .	All	Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces.
<i>Central India States Region, Indore</i>				
Clerical establishment and Class IV servants.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Medical Department</i>				
Sub-Assistant Surgeons and Ministerial establishment.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
Class IV establishment	Assistant Surgeon . . .	Assistant Surgeon . . .	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Police Department</i>				
Clerical and Class IV establishment	Supdt. of Police . . .	Supdt. of Police . . .	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Treasury Department.</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV establishment.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Jail Department</i>				
Jailor, Dy. Jailor, Assistant Ministerial estt., Head warders, warders, Bal or Sweepers	Jailor, Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Western India and Gujrat States Regional Organisation</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV establishment	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner
<i>Judicial Ministerial Establishment</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV establishment	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Medical and Public Health</i>				
Subordinate Medical Service Officers, Vaccination staff, Lady Nurse and Compounders.	Chief Medical Officer, Western India & Gujrat State Region.	Chief Medical Officer, Western India & Gujrat States Region.	All	} Regional Commissioner.
Clerical establishment (Police).	Deputy Inspector General of Police, W.I. & Gujrat States Region.	Deputy Inspector General of Police, W.I. & Gujrat States Region.	All	
	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	
<i>Regional Press Establishment</i>				
Class IV servants other than those in the Regional office.	Head of Office if a gazetted officer; otherwise Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Head of Office if a gazetted officer; otherwise Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	Authority immediately Superior to the authority imposing the penalty.
Jail Department Establishment (Class III and Class IV employees)	Deputy Inspector General of Police.	Deputy Inspector General of Police.	All	Regional Commissioner.
All Public Works Department Staff (Ministerial & Class IV establishment.)	Executive Engineer . . .	Executive Engineer . . .	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Bundelkhand Regional Organisation</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV establishment	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
Ministerial and Class IV establishment Nowgong Treasury.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
Sub-Assistant Surgeons Ministerial and Class IV establishment	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	Assistant Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>West Punjab States Regional Organisation</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV servants	Regional Commissioner . . .	Regional Commissioner . . .	All	Secretary, Ministry of States
<i>Rajputana States Regional Organisation</i>				
Ministerial establishment	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
Class IV establishment	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	All	Regional Commissioner.
<i>Medical Service</i>				
Sub-Assistant Surgeons and Compounders on deputation from Ajmer-Merwara. Military Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Commandant, Central Reserve Police.	Commandant, Central Reserve Police.	All	Inspector General of Police, Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.
Dressers or Nurses (Locally recruited) -- Central Reserve Police Hospital.	Medical Officer, Central Reserve Police Hospital.	Medical Officer, Central Reserve Police Hospital.	All	Commandant, Central Reserve Police.
<i>Regional Organisation at Kolhapur/Treasury Organisation at Kolhapur</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV establishment	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner/Treasury Officer, Government of India Treasury, Kolhapur.	Secretary to the Regional Commissioner/Treasury Officer, Government of India Treasury, Kolhapur.	All	Secretary Ministry of States.
<i>Mysore Residency (Residuary) Office</i>				
Ministerial and Class IV servants.	Officer on Special Duty, Mysore Residency (Residuary) Office.	Officer on Special Duty, Mysore Residency (Residuary) Office.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States.

*Kashmir Residency (Residuary) Office.*

Ministerial and Class IV servants . . .	Officer on Special Duty, Kashmir Residency (Residuary) Office.	Officer on Special Duty, Kashmir Residency (Residuary) Office.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States.
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*Eastern States Agency (Residuary) Office.*

Ministerial & Class IV servants . . .	Officer on Special Duty, Eastern States Agency (Residuary) Office.	Officer on Special Duty, Eastern States Agency (Residuary) Office.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States.
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*Hyderabad Residency (Residuary) Organisation.*

Ministerial and Class IV servants . . .	Officer on Special Duty, Hyderabad Residency (Residuary) Office. Treasury Officer, Central Government Treasury, Hyderabad.	Officer on Special Duty, Hyderabad Residency (Residuary) Office. Treasury Officer, Central Government Treasury, Hyderabad.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States.
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*Madras States Agency (Residuary) Office.*

Ministerial and Class IV servants . . .	Officer on Special Duty, Madras States Agency (Residuary) Office.	Officer on Special Duty, Madras States Agency (Residuary) Office.	All	Secretary, Ministry of States "
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**No. 7/12/48-Ests.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.9/232-Ests., dated the 9th January 1934, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

(a) for the head "Rajputana Agency" and the entries thereunder, the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Rajputana States Regional Organisation"*

Deputy Superintendents, Government Railway Police.	Inspector General of Police, Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.	Inspector General of Police, Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.	All "
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(b) For the head "Hyderabad Residency" and the entries thereunder, the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Hyderabad Residency (Residuary) Organisation"*

Officer on special duty, Residuary Organisation, Hyderabad/Treasury Officer, Central Govt. Treasury, Hyderabad.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	All "
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(c) For the head "Mysore Residency" and the entries thereunder the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Mysore Residency (Residuary) Office"*

Officer on Special Duty.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	All "
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(d) the head "Central India Agency" and the entries thereunder the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Central India States Regional Organisation"*

Assistant Regional Commissioner, and Extra Assistant Regional Commissioner	Regional Commissioner	Regional Commissioner	All "
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(e) The heads "Baroda Residency" and "Gwalior Residency" and all entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

(f) For the head "Western India States Agency" and the entries thereunder, the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Western India and Gujarat States Regional Organisation"*

Deputy Regional Commissioners.	Regional Commissioner, Western India and Gujarat States Region.	Regional Commissioner, Western India and Gujarat States Region.	All "
Assistant Regional Commissioners.	Regional Commissioner, Western India and Gujarat States Region.	Regional Commissioner, Western India and Gujarat States Region.	
Deputy Superintendents of Police, Western India and Gujarat States Region.			

(g) For the head "Kashmir Residency" and the entries thereunder, the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Kashmir Residency (Residuary) Office"*

Officer on Special Duty	Secretary, Ministry of States.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	All "
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(h) For the head "Madras States Agency" and the entries thereunder, the following head and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

*"Madras States Agency (Residuary) Office"*

Officer on Special Duty	Secretary, Ministry of States.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	All "
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(i) After the entries relating to "Madras State Agency (Residuary) Office" the following headings and entries shall be added, namely:—

*"Bundelkhand States Regional Organisation"*

Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Regional Commissioner.	Regional Commissioner.	All
Assistant Regional Commissioner	Do.	Do.	Do.

*"East Punjab States Regional Organisation"*

Officer on Special Duty	Secretary, Ministry of States.	Secretary, Ministry of States.	All
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*Regional Organisation at Kolhapur and the Treasury Organisation at Kolhapur*

Secretary to the Regional Commissioner.	Regional Commissioner.	Regional Commissioner.	All "
Treasury Officer, Government Treasury, Kolhapur	Deputy Secretary, Ministry of States.	Deputy Secretary, Ministry of States.	

G. B. GULATI, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 15th June 1949

**No. 9/64/49-Police (I).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878) the Central Government is pleased to exempt Mr. R. K. Nehru, I.C.S., Minister of India in Sweden from the operation of the prohibitions contained in section 6 of the said Act in respect of one Smith and Weston .38 bore six-chambered revolver No. C. 2480.

U. K. GHOSHAL, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FINANCE**

New Delhi, the 23rd June 1949

**No. F. 9(29)-F.1/49.**—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 34 of the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948 (XV of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Company, Bombay, and Messrs. S. Vaidyanath Aiyer & Company, Bombay, to act as auditors of the Industrial Finance Corporation of India for the year ended the 30th June, 1949.

D. P. ROZDON, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. 10-A(2)/49.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949, (XXXVII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Council (First Election) Regulations, 1949, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce No. 10-A(2)/49, dated the 1st June, 1949, namely:

In the said Regulations—

(1) In the Explanation to clause (b) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 3, for the words, letters and figures "1st July 1949" occurring in line 5 the words, letters and figures "4th July 1949" shall be substituted

(2) In sub-regulation (1) of regulation 7, for the words, letters and figures "1st day of July 1949", the words, letters and figures "4th day of July 1949" shall be substituted

(3) In regulation 9, for the word, letters and figures "17th July, 1949", the word, letters and figures "18th July 1949" shall be substituted.

**No. 10-A (6)/49.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 30 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 (XXXVII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to make the following regulations, namely—

### CHAPTER I

#### PRELIMINARY

1. *Short title*—These Regulations may be called the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949.

2. *Definitions*.—In these Regulations, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(i) the Act means the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949.

(ii) 'Articled clerk' means a clerk engaged under articles by a Fellow in practice, and includes articled clerks under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932.

(iii) 'Certificate of Practice' means a certificate granted under these Regulations entitling the holder to practise as a Chartered Accountant.

(iv) 'Fellow' means a fellow of the Institute.

(v) 'Graduate' means a graduate of a University constituted by law in India or of the University of Mysore or of the Osmania University or of the University of Travancore, or of the University of Rajputana, or the graduate of any other University recognised by the Central Government

(vi) 'Schedule' means the Schedule annexed to the Regulations.

(vii) 'Section' and 'Sub-section' mean a section and sub-section of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949.

(viii) 'Service as an audit clerk' means service as an audit clerk in the office of a Registered Accountant entitled or permitted to train articled clerks under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, or having taken up service as an audit clerk continues his service under a practising member of the Institute

### CHAPTER II

#### MEMBERS

3. *Register*.—The Register of Members of the Institute shall be in Form A of the schedule.

4. *Qualifications for members*—Subject to the provisions of Sections 4 and 8 of the Act, no person shall be entitled to have his name entered in the Register unless he—

(a) has satisfied the tests and completed the practical training prescribed in Chapter III of these Regulations, or

(b) possesses qualifications recognised by the Council as equivalent to the tests and the practical training referred to in (a) above, or

(c) is eligible under clauses (i), (iii) or (iv) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act.

5. *Application for membership*—(1) (a) Every person who desires to have his name entered in the Register shall submit an application, together with documentary evidence about his eligibility for membership and the fees prescribed in these Regulations to the Secretary to the Council in Form B of the Schedule

(b) Any Associate who desires to be admitted as a Fellow shall submit an application, together with the prescribed entrance fee to the Secretary to the Council in Form C of the Schedule.

(2) The applicant shall furnish such further information bearing on his application as the Council may at any time require from him.

6. *Fees*.—(1) Every person applying for the membership of the Institute shall pay an entrance fee of Rs. 800.

Provided that an applicant may send half the amount of the entrance fee along with his application and the remaining half before the 31st March next following.

(2) Every member shall pay an annual membership fee of Rs. 25 which shall be due and payable on the 1st April in each year.

Provided that half the amount of the annual membership fee shall be payable by a person admitted on or after the 1st October and before the 1st April next following

Provided further that the annual fee paid under rule 9 of the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, for the year 1949-50 by a member shall be set off against the annual membership fee and the annual certificate fee payable under these regulations and the balance shall only be payable by him.

(3) Every Associate applying for admission as Fellow shall pay an entrance fee of Rs. 200:

Provided that the fee of Rs. 200 paid in terms of regulation 3 of the Council (First Election) Regulations 1949, by any person, shall be deemed to be the entrance fee paid by that person for the purposes of this clause.

(4) An Associate in practice shall pay an annual certificate fee of Rs. 25 which shall be due and payable on the 1st April in each year.

(5) A fellow in practice shall pay an annual certificate fee of Rs. 75 which shall be due and payable on the 1st April in each year.

7. *Refund of fees*.—Every person whose application for admission to the membership of the Institute is not accepted by the Council shall be entitled to a refund of the fees paid by him.

8. *Certificate of Membership*—If the application is accepted by the Council, the applicant's name shall be entered in the Register and a Certificate of Membership in Form D or E of the Schedule as the case may be, shall be issued to him.

9. *Certificate of Practice*.—A member of the Institute may apply to the Council for a certificate entitling him to practise as a Chartered Accountant throughout India. The certificate shall be in either Form F or G and shall be valid until the 30th June of the next year following. Every application for the grant of a certificate accompanied by the requisite annual certificate fee shall be addressed to the Secretary to the Council. No formal application shall be necessary for the renewal of a certificate, but a fresh certificate valid for the succeeding twelve months shall be sent to each member to whom a certificate has previously been granted and whose certificate is still valid provided that he continues to be a member in practice and has paid the annual fees due under these Regulations

10. *Cancellation of Certificate of Practice*—(a) A Certificate of Practice shall be deemed to be cancelled from the date on which, and during the period for which, the name of its holder is removed from the Register of Members

(b) A member in practice shall inform the Council immediately on his ceasing to be in practice but not later than one month from the date he ceases to practice.

11. *Procedure in inquiries relating to misconduct of members of the Institute*.—(1) The Council shall cause all inquiries relating to misconduct of members of the Institute to be held by the Disciplinary Committee.

(2) On receipt of the complaint from the Council, the Disciplinary Committee shall give such notice to the member against whom the complaint has been made as would give him a reasonable opportunity of showing cause why his name shall not be removed from the Register

(3) It shall be the duty of the Secretary to the Council to place before the Disciplinary Committee all facts brought to his knowledge which may require investigation.

(4) The member against whom the complaint has been made shall have the right to place his case before the Disciplinary Committee in person and adduce such evidence as he may think proper. In the event of any such member desiring to be heard by a lawyer or by any other member of the Institute, the Disciplinary Committee shall grant leave to such member to be so heard.

(5) The Disciplinary Committee shall submit its report to the Council.

(6) The Council shall consider the report of the Disciplinary Committee and forward its findings to the High Court.

*Explanation.*—The finding of the Council shall not be deemed to be against a member unless not less than three-fourths of the members of the Council present and voting decide that the member concerned has been guilty of such conduct which renders him unfit to remain a member of the Institute.

12 *Notification of removal*—The removal of the name of a person from the membership of the Institute shall be notified in the *Gazette of India* and shall also be communicated in writing to the person concerned.

13 *Restoration to membership*—The Council may on an application received in this behalf from a person whose name has been permanently or temporarily removed from the register of members of the Institute or from the Register under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, restore his name if he is otherwise eligible to such membership, provided that he shall have paid before such restoration the annual fee for the year during which his name is restored, and, if his name has been removed under sub-section 1(b) of section 20 of the Act, or under clause (b) of Rule 14(1) of the Auditor's Certificate Rules, 1932, all arrears on account of the annual fee subject to a maximum of Rs. 300.

Provided further that the restoration of the name of a person which was removed under sub-section (2) of Section 20 of the Act, shall be effected in accordance with the orders of the High Court.

14 *Notification of restoration*—The restoration of a name to the membership shall be notified in the *Gazette of India* and shall also be communicated in writing to the person concerned.

### CHAPTER III

#### EXAMINATIONS

15. Except as otherwise provided for in the Act or these Regulations, persons wishing to qualify themselves for membership of the Institute shall be required to pass the First and Final Examinations, and to complete the practical training, as prescribed in this Chapter

##### FIRST EXAMINATION

16 *Exemption from First Examination*—A person who

(a) is a graduate and has passed the Degree Examination with advanced accounting, auditing and Mercantile or Commercial Law among other subjects for the degree course, or

(b) has passed the All India Diploma in Commerce Examination held by the All India Board of Technical Studies in Commerce and Business Administration, with Auditing as a special subject,

shall not be required to pass the First Examination.

17 *Admission to First Examination*—No candidate shall be admitted to the First Examination unless he—

(1) is a graduate, or

(2) has (a) either

(i) entered into service as an articled clerk before the 1st January 1946 under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, or

(ii) passed the Intermediate Examination of any of the Universities mentioned in clause (v) of Regulation 2 or an examination recognised by the Central Government as equivalent thereto, and

(b) produces either

(i) a certificate in Form H from the head of an institution recognised for the purpose by the Council that he has, subsequently to passing the Intermediate Examination, studied for a period of one academic year at such an institution and is fit to present himself for the examination, or

(ii) a certificate that he has served for not less than seven years either wholly as an audit clerk or partly (but for not less than three years) as such clerk and partly as an articled clerk (in the latter case one complete year's service as an articled clerk being reckoned as two years' service as audit clerk and fractions of a year being ignored), or

(iii) evidence to show that he was at any time admitted to the Examination for the Government Diploma in Accountancy held by the Accountancy Diploma Board, Bombay or was eligible for admission to that Examination

18 *First Examination admission fee*—Every candidate for admission to the First Examination shall pay a fee of Rs. 50.

19 *Groups, Papers and Syllabus*—Candidates for the First Examination shall be examined in the subjects comprised in the following two Groups and every candidate will be required to pass in both the Groups.

*Group I.—Accountancy and Auditing (two papers of three hours each).*

*Paper (i)—Book-keeping*—Short methods of calculation theory and practice of Single and Double Entry Book-keeping including the preparation of Production, Trading and Profit and Loss Accounts and Balance Sheets.

*Paper (ii)—Accountancy and Auditing*—Consignment and Joint Accounts; Partnership and Company Accounts; Departmental and Branch Accounts and General Principles of Auditing.

*Group II.—Mercantile Law, Company Law and General Commercial Knowledge (two papers of three hours each).*

*Paper (i)—Mercantile Law and Company Law*—Law relating to Contracts, Sale of Goods, Partnership and Elements of Company Law

*Paper (ii)—General Commercial Knowledge*—Charter parties; Bill of Lading; Fire and Marine Insurance; Bills, Cheques, Documents of Title to Goods, Stocks; Shares and other securities; Commercial Correspondence and Elements of Secretariat Practice.

The above particulars are intended as a general guide to questions which may be asked in each paper

##### FINAL EXAMINATION

20 *Admission to Final Examination*—No candidate shall be admitted to the Final Examination unless he

(i) has either passed the First Examination under these Regulations or under Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932 or is exempted by Regulation 16 from passing that examination; and

(ii) has either completed such period of service as an articled clerk or as an audit clerk or partly as an articled clerk and partly as an audit clerk as is required under Regulation 31 for admission as a member of the Institute or is serving the last twelve months of such period.

Provided that in the case of every candidate an interval of not less than eleven months shall have elapsed between the date of his passing the First Examination and the commencement of the Final Examination

21 *Final Examination admission fee*—Every candidate for admission to the Final Examination shall pay a fee of Rs. 75.

22 *Groups, Papers and Syllabus*—Candidates for the Final Examination will be examined in the subjects comprised in the following two Groups and every candidate shall be required to pass in both the Groups. A candidate who passes in a Group will not be required to pass in the same Group again and may appear in the Group

in which he has failed in any subsequent examination. A candidate who has passed one Group of the Final Examination held in December 1948 or May 1949 under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, will not be required to pass in that Group again.

*Group I—Advanced Accounting and Auditing (Four papers of three hours each).*

*Paper (i) Advanced Accounting.*—Including knowledge of accounts in connection with floatation, reconstruction, amalgamation and liquidation of companies, Partnership Accounts; Insolvency and Bankruptcy Accounts.

*Paper (ii)—Advanced Accounting and Cost Accounting*—Including knowledge of account of banks, insurance companies and electricity companies, Double Account System, Theory and Practice of Costing, Stores Ledger Labour; Wages Standard Costs.

*Paper (iii)—Taxation* Income tax

*Paper (iv)—Auditing*

*Group II—Mercantile Law, Company Law and Economics (Three papers of three hours each)*

*Paper (i)—Mercantile Law*—including the law relating to Negotiable Instruments Arbitration and Awards; Insolvency; Rights and Duties of Liquidators, Trustees and Receivers; Jurisprudence

*Paper (ii)—Company Law and Income Tax Law*—including Law relating to special classes of companies and Income Tax Law

*Paper (iii)—Economics*—Elements of economics including Currency, Banking and Foreign Exchange

The above particulars are intended as a general guide to questions which may be asked in each paper.

Provided that candidates appearing for the examination to be held in 1949 shall be examined in the subjects and groups mentioned in rule 27 of the Auditors' Certificates Rules, 1932.

23. *Conduct of examination*—(i) The examination shall be conducted in such manner and at such times and places as the Council may direct: Provided that there shall be at least one examination, both First and Final, in each year.

(ii) The dates and places of the examination and other particulars shall be notified in the *Gazette of India*.

24. *Application for admission to an examination*—Application for admission to the examination shall be made in the prescribed form a copy of which may be obtained from the Secretary to the Council. Every such application, together with the prescribed fee shall be sent so as to reach the Council in accordance with the directions given by it in the matter.

25. *Refund of fees*—The fee paid by a candidate who has been admitted to an examination, shall not be refunded in any circumstance.

26. *Candidates to be supplied with Admission Tickets*—An Admission Ticket stating the place, dates and times at which the candidate will be required to present himself for examination shall be sent to each candidate to the address given by him in his application so as to reach him not less than fourteen days before the commencement of the examination.

27. *Examination Certificates*—Every candidate passing the First or the Final Examination shall be furnished with certificate to that effect in Form I or Form J as the case may be.

28. *Examination Results*—(i) A list of successful candidates, shall be published in the *Gazette of India* in alphabetical order after each examination. Each candidate shall be individually informed of his result. The names of candidates obtaining distinction in the examination shall be indicated in the list.

(ii) (a) 50 per cent of the total marks of a Group will ordinarily be the pass marks in that Group. The Council may however vary the minimum pass marks at its discretion.

(b) A candidate obtaining 70 per cent. of the total marks of both the Groups combined at one sitting shall be deemed to have passed the same with distinction.

(iii) If a candidate who has been declared unsuccessful in an examination desires to have his particular paper or papers revalued, he should apply within one month of the declaration of the results to the Council along with a fee of Rs 250 for each paper. If as a result of such revaluation, the candidate is found to have passed in the examination, the fee paid by him shall be refunded to him in full.

(iv) No candidate shall be informed of the marks obtained by him in any paper at any examination. All unsuccessful candidates will be informed of the paper or papers in which they have failed to secure pass marks.

29. *Disciplinary action against candidates resorting to unfair means*—If a candidate is found to have resorted to or attempts to resort to unfair means pertaining to an examination the Council may on receipt of a report to that effect, and after such investigation as it may deem necessary, take such disciplinary action against the candidate concerned as it thinks fit.

30. *Examiners*—The Council shall, on the advice of the Examination Committee, maintain a list of approved examiners, from which the examiners will be appointed for a particular examination to set up question papers and value answer papers.

31. *Practical training*—A person who has passed the examinations prescribed in this Chapter shall not be eligible for membership of the Institute unless he—

(a) produces a certificate in Form K from a Fellow in practice or a Registered Accountant entitled or permitted to train articled clerks that he has served as an articled clerk with that Member or Registered Accountant for the period specified below:—

(i) in the case of a person who has passed the Degree Examination of any of the Universities mentioned in clause (v) of Regulation 2 and has either taken Accounting, Auditing and Mercantile or Commercial Law among his subjects for the degree course or has secured a minimum of 60 per cent of the total marks in the Degree Examination. . . 3 years

(ii) in the case of any other graduate . . . 4 years

(iii) in the case of a person who has passed the All India Diploma in Commerce Examination held by the All India Board of Technical Studies in Commerce and Business Administration with auditing as a special subject . . . 4 years.

(iv) in any other case. . . 5 years

(b) has served as an audit clerk for the period specified below —

(i) in the case of a person referred to in Sub-Regulation (i) of (a) above . . . 6 years.

(ii) in the case of any other graduate or a person referred to in sub-regulation (iii) of (a) above . . . 8 years.

(iii) in any other case . . . 9 years

(c) or has served partly as an articled clerk and partly as an audit clerk for the total period as specified in clause (b), the period of service as an audit clerk being not less than 2 years in the case of a person referred to in sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of (b) above, and not less than 3 years in any other case.

Provided that—

for the purposes of computing the total periods in clause (c) one complete year's service as an articled clerk shall be reckoned as two years' service as an audit clerk and fractions of a year shall be ignored.

## CHAPTER IV

### ARTICLED CLERKS

32. *Engagement of articled clerks*—Only Fellows in practice shall be entitled to take articled clerks. Any Fellow in practice can take two articled clerks. But a fellow who has completed two years of continuous practice after becoming a fellow shall be entitled to engage one additional articled clerk.

Provided that nothing contained in this Regulation shall prevent the completion of training of articled clerks already engaged under the Auditors' Certificates Rules, 1932;



Provided further that a practising member of the Institute who was allowed to train articled clerks under the proviso to rule 38(1) of the Auditor's Certificates Rules 1932, shall continue to train articled clerks permitted under rule 40(1) (a) (ii) of the said Rules.

Provided further that the Council may, subject to such terms and conditions as it may deem fit, permit relaxations from this Regulation.

33. *Members not to engage articled clerks under the bye-laws of any other Institute or Society*—No member of the Institute shall engage articled clerks under the bye-laws of any other Institute or Society except as provided for under these Regulations.

Provided that nothing contained in this Regulation shall prevent the completion of training of any articled clerk engaged before the commencement of these Regulations but the total number of articled clerks shall not exceed the limit prescribed in Regulation 32.

34. *Maximum and minimum rates of premium*.—The Council may from time to time prescribe the maximum and minimum rates of premium that can be charged from an articled clerk. But any premium charged by the employer shall be refunded by him in full to the articled clerk in such instalments as the former may deem fit but not later than 14 days after the date of the completion of the articles subject to satisfactory service and good conduct of the articled clerk:

Provided that if the articles are cancelled under regulation 39, the premium, if any, received by the employer shall be made over by the employer to the Council for such use as it may deem fit.

35. *Admission to articled clerkship*.—A Chartered Accountant entitled to train articled clerks under these Regulations shall, before accepting a person for service under articles with him, satisfy himself that his professional practice or that of his employer if he is a salaried employee of a Chartered Accountant or a firm of Chartered Accountants, is suitable for the purpose of enabling him to train articled clerks and that such person—

- (a) is not less than sixteen years of age on the date of commencement of his articles, and
- (b) has passed the Intermediate Examination of any of the Universities mentioned in clause (v) or regulation 2 or an examination recognised by the Central Government as equivalent thereto.

36. *Execution and registration of articles*—The articles shall be executed in Form L or Form M according as the candidate for articled clerkship is of full age or is a minor, and shall be stamped. The articles together with the necessary documentary evidence showing that the conditions laid down in Regulation 35 are satisfied, shall be sent to the Secretary to the Council for registration so as to reach him within sixty days after the execution of the articles or their commencement whichever is earlier and shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 30 and by a statement given particulars of the name, father's name, residence and age of the articled clerk.

37. *Register of articled clerks*.—A register of articled clerks shall be maintained by the Council.

38. *Articled clerks not to engage in any other occupation*—No articled clerk shall, during the period of his service as articled clerk, except with the permission of the Council, engage in any other business or occupation.

39. *Cancellation of articles*—In the event of any complaint of misconduct or breach of Regulation 38 or a breach of any of the covenants contained in the articles executed in Form L or Form M referred to in Regulation 36 being made against any articled clerk, the Council may, if it is satisfied after proper investigation that the complaint is proved, direct the cancellation of, or extend the period of the articles, or that any period already served under such articles shall not be reckoned as such service for the purpose of regulation 31. A person whose articles have been cancelled under this regulation shall not, except with the permission of the Council, be retained or taken as an articled clerk by a Member of the Institute.

If an articled clerk makes a complaint against his employer to the Council, the Council shall cause the necessary enquiry to be made in the matter and take suitable action against the employer.

40. *Transfer of articles*—(a) In the event of the name of employer of an articled clerk being removed from the list of Members of the Institute, or if he ceases to practise, the articles may be transferred to another Fellow in practice and the transfer shall be reported to the Council. In the like events or in the event of the death of the employer the articled clerk may enter into fresh articles for the remainder of his term of service. Such fresh articles shall be sent for registration as provided in regulation 36 but shall not require the payment of any fee.

(b) In the event of a salaried employee of a Chartered Accountant or of a firm of Chartered Accountants setting up practice independently of the former the articled clerk or clerks who may have been employed on the employee's account shall ordinarily be attached to the employee from the date of his setting up practice independently. It shall however be open to the Council to direct that in any particular case the articled clerk or clerks concerned shall remain with the Chartered Accountant or the firm of Chartered Accountants as the case may be.

41. *Assignment of articles*.—(1) Articles may by agreement between the articled clerk and his employer be assigned to another employer. Such an assignment shall be in Form N and shall be subject to the provisions of regulation 36.

(2) Article may by agreement between the clerk and his employer be terminated and the articled clerk may enter into fresh articles with another fellow in practice for the remainder of his term of service. Such fresh articles shall be subject to the requirements contained in regulation 36 but the Council may refuse to register the articles until such time as it is satisfied that the termination was by agreement.

42. *Report to the Council about termination of articles*—Every employer shall on completion, discontinuance or termination or otherwise of the service of an articled clerk in his employment forthwith send a report to that effect to the Council. Except in the case of a completion report such a report shall have been signed, wherever practicable, by both the employer and the articled clerk.

## CHAPTER V

### ELECTIONS

43. *Date of election*—The dates of election of members to the Council shall be decided by the Council and notified by it in the *Gazette of India* at least three months before such dates.

44. *Members eligible to vote*.—Every member of the Institute shall be entitled to vote in any election to the Council by the constituency to which according to his professional address he belongs.

45. *Qualification of members to stand for election*.—Only Fellows shall be eligible to stand for election to the Council.

46. The number of persons to be elected from each constituency shall be determined on the basis of one person for every hundred members of the Institute in a constituency, fractions exceeding half being counted as one and fractions equivalent to or less than half being omitted.

Provided that each constituency shall have at least one person elected therefrom to the Council.

47. *List of Voters*.—(1) At least three months before the date of an election, the Council shall publish in the *Gazette of India*—

- (a) a list of members of the Institute belonging to each Constituency showing distinctly whether any particular member is an Associate or Fellow, and
- (b) a notice mentioning the number of members to be elected and calling for nominations of candidates for election by a specified date which shall not be less than 14 days from the date of publication of notice.

(2) Every nomination of a candidate shall be in Form O duly signed by the candidate and by the proposer and seconder both of whom shall be persons entitled to vote in the election and shall be forwarded by registered post to the Secretary to the Council by name so as to reach him on or before the due date.

(3) Every candidate for election shall pay a fee of Rs. 200.

(4) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing subscribed by him and delivered to the Secretary to the Council before 3 o'clock on the seventh day succeeding the date fixed for the receipt of nomination papers. No person who has thus withdrawn his candidature shall be allowed to cancel his withdrawal. The withdrawal of candidature shall be intimated by the Secretary to the other candidates standing for election in the constituency. Any candidate who withdraws his candidature in accordance with this sub-regulation will be entitled, on an application made by him in this behalf, to the refund of half the amount of fee deposited by him under sub-regulation (3).

48. *Procedure for elections.*—(1) At least 21 days before the date of elections the Council shall send by registered post to the address of every voter in the constituency a voting paper together with a letter explaining the manner in which it shall be filled up and specifying the date and hour by which it shall reach the Secretary to the Council.

(2) The voting paper shall contain a list of the candidates standing for election and bear the seal of the Council.

(3) Each voter shall have one vote only. A voter in giving his vote—

(a) must place on his voting paper the figure 1 in the square opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes.

(b) may in addition, place on his voting paper the figure 2 or the figure 2 and 3, or 2, 3 and 4, and so on, in the squares opposite the names of other candidates in the order of his preference.

49. *A voting paper shall be invalid.*—(a) upon which a voter signs his name or writes any word, or makes any mark by which it becomes recognizable, or

(b) which does not bear the Council's seal, or

(c) on which the figure 1 is not marked, or

(d) on which the figure 1 is set opposite the name of more than one candidate or

(e) on which the figure 1 and some other figure is set opposite the name of the same candidate, or

(f) which is unmarked or void for uncertainty.

51. *Counting of votes.*—(1) The voting papers shall be examined and the Secretary, after rejecting any invalid voting papers, shall divide the remaining papers into parcels according to the first preference recorded for each candidate. He shall then count the number of papers in each parcel.

(2) In carrying out the regulations hereinafter contained, the Secretary shall,—

(a) disregard all fractions,

(b) ignore all preferences recorded for candidates already elected or excluded from the poll

(3) For the purpose of facilitating the processes prescribed by the regulations hereinafter contained, each valid paper shall be deemed to be of the value of one hundred.

(4) The Secretary shall add together the values of the papers in all the parcels and divide the total by a number exceeding by one the number of vacancies to be filled and the result increased by one shall be the number sufficient to secure the return of a candidate (hereinafter called the quota).

(5) If at any time a number of candidates equal to the number of persons to be elected has obtained the quota, such candidates shall be treated as elected, and no further steps shall be taken.

(6) (i) Any candidate the value of whose parcel, on the first preferences being counted, is equal to or greater than the quota shall be declared elected

(ii) If the value of the papers in any such parcel is equal to the quota the papers shall be set aside as finally dealt with

(ii) If the value of the papers in any such parcel is greater than the quota, the surplus shall be transferred to the continuing candidates indicated on the voting papers as next in the order of the voters preference, in the manner prescribed in the following paras

(7) (i) If and whenever as the result of any operation prescribed by these rules a candidate has a surplus, that surplus shall be transferred in accordance with the provisions of this regulation.

(ii) If more than one candidate has a surplus, the largest surplus shall be dealt with first and the others in order of magnitude: provided that every surplus arising on the first counting of votes shall be dealt with before those arising on the second count, and so on.

(iii) Where two or more surpluses are equal, the Secretary shall decide, as hereinafter provided, which shall first be dealt with.

(iv) (a) If the surplus of any candidate to be transferred arises from original votes only, the Secretary shall examine all the papers in the parcel belonging to the candidate whose surplus is to be transferred, and divide the unexhausted papers into sub-parcels according to the next preferences recorded thereon. He shall also make a separate sub-parcel of the exhausted papers.

(b) He shall ascertain the value of the papers in each sub-parcel and of all the unexhausted papers.

(c) If the value of the unexhausted papers is equal to or less than the surplus, he shall transfer all the unexhausted papers at the value at which they were received by the candidate whose surplus is being transferred.

(d) If the value of the unexhausted papers is greater than the surplus, he shall transfer the sub-parcel of unexhausted papers, and the value at which each paper shall be transferred shall be ascertained by dividing the surplus by the total number of unexhausted papers

(v) If the surplus of any candidate to be transferred arises from transferred as well as original votes, the Secretary shall re-examine all the papers in the sub-parcel last transferred to the candidate, and divide the unexhausted papers into sub-parcels according to the next preferences recorded thereon. He shall thereupon deal with the sub-parcels in the same manner as is provided in the case of the sub-parcels referred to in clause (iv).

(vi) The papers transferred to each candidate shall be added in the form of a sub-parcel to the papers already belonging to such candidate

(v) All papers in the parcel or sub-parcel of an elected candidate not transferred under this regulation shall be set aside as finally dealt with.

(8) (i) If after all surpluses have been transferred, as herebefore directed, less than the number of candidates required has been elected, the Secretary shall exclude from the poll the candidate lowest on the poll and shall tribute his unexhausted papers among the continuing candidates according to the next preferences recorded thereon. Any exhausted papers shall be set aside as finally dealt with.

(ii) The papers containing original votes of an excluded candidate shall first be transferred, the transfer value of each paper being one hundred

(iii) The papers containing transferred votes of an excluded candidate shall then be transferred in the order of the transfers in which and at the value of which he obtained them

(iv) Each of such transfers shall be deemed to be a separate transfer

(v) The process directed by this regulation shall be repeated on the successive exclusions one after another of the candidates lowest on the poll until the last vacancy is filled either by the election of a candidate with the quota or as hereinafter provided.

(9) If as the result of a transfer under these regulations the value of the vote obtained by a candidate is equal to

or greater than the quota, the transfer then proceeding shall be completed, but no further papers shall be transferred to him.

(10) (i) If after the completion of any transfer under these regulations the value of the votes of any candidate shall be equal to or greater than the quota, he shall be declared elected.

(ii) If the value of the votes of any such candidate shall be equal to the quota, the value of the papers on which such votes are recorded shall be set aside as finally dealt with.

(ii) If the value of the votes of any such candidate shall be greater than the quota, his surplus shall thereupon be distributed in the manner hereinbefore provided, before the exclusion of any other candidate.

(11) (i) When the number of continuing candidates is reduced to the number of vacancies remaining unfilled, the continuing candidates shall be declared elected.

(ii) When only one vacancy remains unfilled and the value of the votes of some one continuing candidate exceeds the total value of all the votes of the other continuing candidates, together with any surplus not transferred, that candidate shall be declared elected.

(iii) When only one vacancy remains unfilled and there are only two continuing candidates, and those two candidates have each the same value of votes and no surplus remains capable of transfer, one candidate shall be declared excluded under the next succeeding regulation and the other declared elected.

(12) If, when there is more than one surplus to distribute two or more surpluses are equal, or if at any time it becomes necessary to exclude a candidate and two or more candidates have the same values of votes and are lowest on the poll, regard shall be had to the original votes of each candidate, and the candidate for whom fewest original votes are recorded shall have his surplus first distributed, or shall be first excluded as the case may be. If the values of their original votes are equal, the Secretary shall decide by lot which candidate shall have his surplus distributed or be excluded.

51. The Council shall appoint two persons who are neither members of the Council nor candidates for election to act as scrutineers of the voting papers and to assist the Secretary generally in counting the votes.

52. Any candidate for election shall be entitled to be present in person or to appoint a member of the Institute as a representative to be present on his behalf at the time of the counting of votes.

53. The names of all candidates declared elected shall be notified by the Council in the *Gazette of India*.

54. No election shall be deemed to be invalid merely because of the accidental omission to send or delay in sending, a voting paper to a voter, or the accidental non-receipt of, or delay in receiving, a voting paper by a voter, or any other accidental irregularity or informality in the conduct of the election.

## CHAPTER VI

### MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL.

55. *Meetings of Council*.—The Council shall meet at least once in every six months at such time and place as the President may determine.

56. *Notice of Council meeting*.—Notice of the time and place of an intended meeting shall be sent to the registered address of every member of the Council not less than twenty one days before such meeting and such notice shall so far as practicable, contain a statement of the business to be transacted at such meetings, provided that in the case of a special meeting the President may inform the members of the subject matter for discussion at the meeting.

57. *Special meetings of Council*.—A special meeting of the Council may at any time be called by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President or at the request in writing addressed to the Secretary, by at least 25 per cent. of the members of the Council for the time being.

58. *Chairman of Council*.—At all meetings of the Council the President, or in his absence the Vice-President, shall be the Chairman, or, in the absence of both, the Chairman shall be elected from among those present.

59. *Quorum at meetings*.—No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless there are present at least one-third of the total number of the members.

60. *Passing of resolution at meeting*.—At all meetings of the Council, in the event of difference of opinion, the vote of the majority shall prevail unless otherwise required by the Act or the regulation and in case of equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to his original.

61. *Adjournment of meeting of Council*.—Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, the Chairman of any meeting of the Council may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. No notice need be given of an adjourned meeting unless it be so directed in the resolution for adjournment.

62. *Record of minutes*.—Minutes shall be kept of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Council, the minutes after having been approved by the members and signed by the Chairman of the meeting shall be sufficient evidence of the facts there in stated.

## CHAPTER VII

### MISCELLANEOUS

63. *Method of payment of fees*.—All fees prescribed under these regulations shall be made payable to the Secretary to the Council in such manner as the Council may direct.

Provided, that until other direction is given by the Council, payments made to the Central Government according to their directions, for any of the purposes of these Regulations, shall be deemed to be payment made to the Council.

64. In publishing the list of members under sub-section (3) of section 19, the Council may, in any manner it thinks fit, distinguish between the Associates and Fellows in practice and between the Associates and Fellows not in practice.

65. *Members to supply information*.—For the purpose of publication of the list referred to in regulation 64, the Council may require the Members to supply any information regarding their present address, place of business, partners, whether practising or not, etc. If the members fail to supply the information in time, the list may be drawn up on such information as the Council may possess.

66. *Proof of service of notice*.—All notices required by the Act or the regulation to be given to Members shall be forwarded by post to such address as may last have been registered with the Institute. And in proving that such notice has been given, it shall be sufficient to prove that such notice was properly addressed and put in the post.

67. *Custody of Common Seal*.—The Common Seal shall be kept in the Custody of the Secretary to the Council.

68. *Affixing Common Seal*.—All instruments on which Common Seal is required to be affixed by or under any law shall be so affixed and countersigned by the Secretary to the Council.

69. *Maintenance of Accounts*.—It shall be the duty of the Secretary to maintain or to cause to maintain proper accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Institute.

70. *Auditors*.—The Council shall determine the remuneration, if any, to be paid to the auditors elected at the annual meeting. In the event of any vacancy occurring in the office of Auditor between two annual meetings or in the event of a vacancy not being filled up at any annual meeting the said vacancy may be filled up by the Executive Committee, and a person so becoming an Auditor shall hold office until the next annual meeting, but shall be eligible for election. Provided that during such vacancy the continuing Auditor may act alone.

Provided further that for the year 1949-50 the Council may appoint the auditors and fix their remuneration.

71. *Retirement of Auditors.*—The Auditors shall retire at the next annual meeting of the Council after their election, but shall be eligible for re-election.

72. *Nomination of auditors.*—The auditors shall be nominated by two Members of the Council and such nomination shall be signed by the members nominating and by the candidate, and shall be deposited at the office of the Council at least three days before the meeting. The Auditors who are in office shall be deemed to be nominated at each annual meeting unless they have intimated to the Secretary to the Council their desire not to be re-elected.

73. *Audit of accounts.*—The Council, not less than two months before the date of each Annual Meeting, shall deliver to the Auditors the accounts of the last year and the auditors shall examine such accounts and report thereon, not less than one month before the date of the Meeting. The Auditors shall be entitled to ask for any information or explanation regarding the accounts from the Secretary and such information or explanation shall be supplied to them in so far as may be available at the time.

74. *Indemnity from losses and expenses.*—The Members of the Council, Auditors, Secretary and other Officers, shall be indemnified by the Institute from all losses and expenses incurred by them in or about the discharge of their respective duties, except such as happen from their own respective wilful default.

75. *Council and Officers not to be liable for losses.*—No member of the Council, Auditor, Secretary, or other Officer, shall be liable for any other Member of the Council, Auditor, Secretary or other officer, or for joining in any receipt or document, or for any act or conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Institute unless the same happen from his own wilful default.

76. *Branch Office*—Every Chartered Accountant or a Firm of Chartered Accountants maintaining more than one office at the commencement of the Act shall send within three months thereafter to the Council a list of offices and the persons in charge thereof. Any change in regard to the Branch office or offices as aforesaid must be intimated to the Council forthwith.

77. *Offices not in charge of members.*—Where a Chartered Accountant or a Firm of Chartered Accountants has any office in India at the commencement of the Act which is not in the separate charge of a member of the Institute, the position should be regularised within six months thereafter either by obtaining exemption from the Council or otherwise.

78. *Other function of Chartered Accountants.*—Without prejudice to the discretion vested in the Council in this behalf, a Chartered Accountant may act as liquidator, trustee, executor, arbitrator, receiver, adviser or as representative for costing financial and taxation matter.

79. *Chartered Accountants not to engage in any other business or occupation.*—A Chartered Accountant who is engaged in any business or occupation other than the profession of Chartered Accountants at the commencement of the Act shall report the matter to the Council in writing within three months thereafter and disengage himself from such business or occupation within six months of the commencement of the Act unless otherwise permitted by the Council.

80. *Location of the office of the Council.*—The headquarters of the Council shall be located at such a place as may be notified by the Central Government in this behalf.

SCHEDULE  
FORM "A"

Register of members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

Enrolment No.	R. A. Enrolment No.	Name in full	Date of birth	Domicile	Residential address	Professional address	Date of entry in the register
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Qualification	Whether holding certificate of practice	Date of admission as follows	Whether practising independently or in partnership, or employed in a firm of Chartered Accountants	Whether holding a salaried employment if not in practice	Change of address, if any	Remarks
9	10	11	12	13	14	15

FORM "B"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA

Form of Application for Admission as Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

To  
The Secretary to the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.  
Sir,

I beg to apply for admission as an Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. I also here-

by declare that I am not subject to any of the disabilities stated in section 8 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949.

1. Name in full and Official Address.....
2. Father's name.....

3. Nationality.....  
 4. Date of birth\* .....  
 5. Place or places of business or service.....  
 6. Date of commencement of service .....  
 7. If a partner or assistant, state name of firm and position therein .....  
 8. Period of residence in India.....  
 9. Particulars of qualifications† .....  
 10. Occupation in full. ....  
 11. Statement whether at any time debarred from practising as an accountant and if so the reasons of suspension and its duration .....

12. Whether Certificate of practice as Chartered Accountant is required after admission.....

2. I hereby undertake that if admitted as an Associate of the Institute, I will be bound by the provisions of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949, and the Regulations framed thereunder or that may hereafter from time to time be made pursuant to the said Act.

3. (i) I also send herewith a sum of Rs. , being my entrance fee of Rs. and annual membership fee of Rs. for the year

(ii) A sum of Rs. is also forwarded for the annual certificate of Practice.

Yours faithfully,

Place .....

Date .....

\*Applicant's may be required to produce evidence of their age.

†Original or duly certified copies of diplomas, certificates and other documents in support of qualifications claimed must be sent with the application.

FORM "C"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA  
*Form of Application for admission as Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India*

To

The Secretary to the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Sir,

I beg to apply for admission as Fellow of the Institute of C. As., India. I hereby declare that I am not subject to any of the disabilities stated in section 8 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949. I have been in continuous practice in India since

- (i) Name.  
 (ii) Number and date of admission as Associate.  
 (iii) Professional address.  
 (iv) Whether practising independently or as a partner firm of practising members of the Institute, and if so, state the period for which acting as such.

2. (i) I send herewith Rs. being my entrance fee as fellow of the Institute.

(ii) A sum of Rs. is also forwarded herewith for the annual certificate of practice.

Yours faithfully,

Place .....

Date .....

FORM "D"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA  
*Certificate of Admission as Associate Member*

No.

This is to certify that of in the Province of the Union of State was admitted as an

Associate Member of the Institute on the day of 19

Dated this day of 19

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the day of 19

Seal.

President,

Secretary.

FORM "E"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA  
*Certificate of Admission as Fellow Member*

No.

This is to certify that of in the Province,

Union of State was admitted as a Fellow

Member of the Institute on the day of 19

Dated this day of 19

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the day of 19

Seal

President.

Secretary.

FORM "F"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA  
*Certificate of Practice*

This is to certify that Mr. an Associate Member of the Institute, of is entitled to practise as a Chartered Accountant in India. This certificate is valid from the day of 19, to the 30th June 19, inclusive

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute, of Chartered Accountants, India, this day of 19

Seal.

President.

Secretary.

FORM "G"

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA  
*Certificate of Practice*

This is to certify that Mr. a Fellow Member of the Institute of , is entitled to practise as a Chartered Accountant in India. This certificate is valid from the day of 19, to the 30th June 19, inclusive.

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, this day of 19

Seal

President.

Secretary.

FORM "H"

*Certificate to be signed by the Head of an Institution recognised under the Regulations of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.*

To be sent so as to reach the Secretary to the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, at least three weeks before the commencement of the Examination.

I certify that has attended out of lectures and out of lectures delivered for Group I and Group II, respectively, of the First Examination under the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949, during

I also certify that he has attended out of  
tutorial lectures and out of  
tutorial lectures delivered for Group II, respectively  
of the First Examination under the Chartered Accountants  
Regulations, 1949 during

I further certify that to the best of my knowledge and  
belief, he bears a good moral character and that I consider  
him a fit person to appear at the said Examination

(Signature)  
(Designation)

**NOTE** Candidates are required to attend at least 75 per cent  
of the number of lectures delivered for each Group. They are also  
required to attend at least 75 per cent of the tutorial lectures  
delivered for each Group. The tutorial lectures shall be at least  
25 per cent of the other lectures.

#### FORM "I"

##### INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA *First Examination Certificate*

This is to certify that Mr. of  
has passed ( ) the First Examination  
held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India  
in the month of 19 .

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute, this day  
of

Seal

Secretary.

#### FORM "J"

##### INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA *Final Examination Certificate*

This is to certify that Mr. of  
has passed ( ) the Final Examination  
held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India  
in the month of 19 .

Given under the Common Seal of the Institute this day  
of

Seal.

Secretary.

#### FORM "K"

##### INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA *Certificate of Service under Articles*

I, of do hereby  
certify that Mr. served as an articled  
clerk under me in accordance with the Chartered  
Accountants Regulations 1949, for a period of  
from to that his progress  
was satisfactory and that to the best of my knowledge he  
bears a good moral character.

I have refunded the entire premium of Rs.  
to the articled clerk in instalments.

The articles were duly registered with the Council of  
the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (Govern-  
ment of India) vide Registration No. of 19 .

(Place)

(Date)

(Signature)

#### FORM "L"

(For use when the Articled Clerk is of full age)  
Articles of apprenticeship made the  
day of one thousand nine hundred and  
between

of  
a Fellow of the Institute in practice (hereinafter called  
the Employer) of the one part and  
(hereinafter called the Articled Clerk) of the other part.

Witness as follows that is to say:—

1. In consideration of the covenants by the Articled  
Clerk hereafter contained and of the premium of  
Rs. paid by the Articled Clerk (the receipt  
whereof the employer doth hereby acknowledge) the  
Employer agrees to take the Articled Clerk as his Articled  
Clerk for the term of years from the  
day of

2. The Articled Clerk of his own free will binds  
himself Articled Clerk to the Employer to serve him for  
and during and unto the full end and term of years.

3. The Articled Clerk covenants with the Employer  
as follows.—

(a) That he will at all times during the said term  
diligently and faithfully serve the Employer as his Articled  
Clerk in the practice or profession of accountancy.

(b) That he will not at any time during the said term  
destroy, cancel, obliterate, spoil, embezzle, spend, make  
away with or take copies of books, papers, plans, docu-  
ments, monies, stamp or chattels of the Employer his  
personal representatives or assigns or of his partner or  
partners or of any of his clients or employers, which shall  
be deposited in his hands or which shall come to his care,  
custody or possession or allow any of the said goods to be  
so treated by others if he can by the exercise of reasonable  
care prevent it.

(c) That he will at all times keep the secrets of the  
Employer and his partner or partners and of his and their  
clients and employers, and will not divulge the names and  
affairs of such clients and employers

(d) That he will readily and cheerfully obey and  
execute the lawful and reasonable commands of the  
Employer and will not depart or absent himself from the  
service or employ of the Employer at any time during the  
said term without his consent or that of his partners first  
obtained but will at all times during the said term conduct  
himself with all due diligence, honesty and propriety.

(e) That he will at all times well and faithfully serve  
the Employer as an Articled Clerk ought to do in all  
things whatsoever.

(f) That he will make good and fully indemnify the  
Employer for any loss or damage suffered or sustained by  
him by the Articled Clerk's misbehaviour or improper  
conduct

4. The Employer covenants with the Articled Clerk  
as follows.—

(a) That he will by the best ways and means in his  
power and to the utmost of his skill and knowledge  
instruct or cause to be instructed the Articled Clerk  
and afford him such reasonable opportunities and work as  
may be required to enable him to acquire the art, science  
and knowledge of accountancy.

(b) That his professional practice is suitable for the  
purpose of enabling him to carry out the obligations  
referred to in (a) above.

(c) That he will at the expiration of the said term  
use his best means and endeavours at the request, cost  
and charges of the Articled clerk to cause the Articled  
Clerk to be admitted as a member of the Institute.  
Provided always that the Articled Clerk shall have well  
and faithfully served his intended clerkship and shall have  
passed the required examinations and in all respects  
properly qualified himself to be admitted as such.

(d) That if the Employer shall die or cease to practise  
as an Accountant or cease to be a Fellow in practice or  
shall in any way become incapable of continuing the  
intended employment of the Articled Clerk during the  
said term he or his personal representative shall (except  
where the employer has charged no premium and is not

survived by a partner) at the option of the Articled Clerk either return the premium or without any further expense to the Articled Clerk make the necessary arrangements for the completion of the residue of the term as Articled Clerk to some other.

(e) That he will allow the Articled Clerk leave of absence for a period aggregating not more than one-eleventh of the service actually rendered. Provided that in case of illness he will allow the Articled Clerk, on production of a certificate from a registered medical practitioner, leave of absence for an additional period aggregating not more than one-eleventh of the service actually rendered.

(f) That he agrees to refund within the period stipulated under the Regulations the entire premium received from the Articled Clerk in such instalment, as he might deem fit subject to satisfactory service and good conduct of the Articled Clerk.

5. These articles are subject to the Chartered Accountants Regulations 1949, and may be cancelled or extended under Regulation 40 of those Regulations.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed Sealed and Delivered

by  
in the presence of

Signed Sealed and Delivered

by  
in the presence of

#### FORM "M"

(For use where the Articled Clerk is a minor)

Articles of Apprenticeship made the day of \_\_\_\_\_ one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_ between \_\_\_\_\_ a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, in practice (hereinafter called the Employer) of the first part (hereinafter called the Guardian) of the Second part and \_\_\_\_\_ (hereinafter called the Articled Clerk) of the third part.

Witness as follows that is to say:—

1. In consideration of the covenants by the Articled Clerk and Guardian respectively hereinafter contained and of the premium of Rs. \_\_\_\_\_ paid by or on behalf of the Articled Clerk (the receipt whereof the Employer doth hereby acknowledge) the Employer agrees to take the Articled Clerk as his Articled Clerk for the term of \_\_\_\_\_ years from the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

2. The Articled Clerk of his own free will and with the consent of the Guardian binds himself Articled Clerk to the Employer to serve him for and during and unto the full term and term of \_\_\_\_\_ years.

3. The Articled Clerk covenants with the Employer as follows:—

(a) That he will at all times during the said term diligently and faithfully serve the Employer as his Articled Clerk in the practice or profession of accountancy.

(b) That he will not at any time during the said term destroy, cancel, obliterate, spoil, embezzle, spend, make away with or take copies of books, papers, plans, documents, monies, stamps or chattels of the Employer, his personal representatives or assigns or of his partner or partners or of any of his clients or employers which shall be deposited in his hands or which shall come to his care, custody or possession or allow any of the said goods to be so treated by others if he can by the exercise of reasonable care prevent it.

(c) That he will at all time keep the secrets of the Employer and his partner or partners and of his clients and employers and will not divulge the names and affairs of such clients and employers.

(d) That he will readily and cheerfully obey and execute the lawful and reasonable commands of the Employer and

will not depart or absent himself from the service or employ of the Employer at any time during the said term without his consent or that of his partners first obtained but will at all times during the said term conduct himself with all the diligency, honesty and propriety.

(e) That he will at all times well and faithfully serve the Employer as an Articled Clerk ought to do in all things whatsoever.

(f) That he will make good and fully indemnify the Employer for any loss or damage suffered or sustained by his, the Articled Clerk's misbehaviour or improper conduct.

4. The Guardian Covenants with the Employer as follows:—

That he will indemnify the Employer or his partner or partners and all or any of them in case the Articled Clerk shall act contrary to the last-mentioned covenant and the Employer or his partners shall suffer thereby any loss damage or prejudice.

5. The Employer covenants with the Articled Clerk and the Guardian as follows:—

(a) That he will by the best ways and means in his power and to the utmost of his skill and knowledge instruct or cause to be instructed the Articled Clerk and afford him such reasonable opportunities and work as may be required to enable him acquire the art, science and knowledge of accountancy.

(b) That his professional practice is suitable for the purpose of enabling him to carry out the obligations referred to in (a) above.

(c) That he will at the expiration of the said term use his best means and endeavours at the request, cost and charges of the Articled Clerk and the Guardian or either of them to cause the Articled Clerk to be admitted as a member of the Institute. Provided always that the Articled Clerk shall have well and faithfully served his intended clerkship and shall have passed the required examinations and in all respects properly qualified himself to be admitted as such.

(d) That if the Employer shall die or cease to practise as an Accountant or cease to be a Fellow in practice, or shall in any way become incapable of continuing the intended employment of the Articled Clerk during the said term he or his personal representatives shall (except where the employer has charged no premium and is not survived by a partner) at the option of the Articled Clerk either return the premium or without any further expense to the Articled Clerk make the necessary arrangement for the completion of the residue of the term as Articled Clerk to some other.

(e) That he will allow the Articled Clerk leave of absence for a period aggregating not more than one-eleventh of the service actually rendered. Provided that in case of illness he will allow the Articled Clerk, on production of a certificate from a registered medical practitioner, leave of absence for an additional period aggregating not more than one-eleventh of the service actually rendered.

(f) That he agrees to refund within the period stipulated under the Regulations the entire premium received from the articled clerk in such instalments as he might deem fit subject to satisfactory service and good conduct of the Articled Clerk

6. These articles are subject to the Chartered Accountants Regulations 1949, and may be cancelled under Regulation 40 of those Regulations.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed Sealed and Delivered.

by  
in the presence of

Signed Sealed and Delivered

by  
in the presence of

Signed Sealed and Delivered

by  
in the presence of

## FORM "N"

ASSIGNMENT OF ARTICLES made the day of One thousand nine hundred and between of (hereinafter called "the Employer") of the first part, of (hereinafter called "the Guardian") of the second part, son of the said (hereinafter called "the Articled Clerk") of the third part and of carrying on the business of at (hereafter called "the New Master") of the fourth part.

Whereas by Articles of Apprenticeship dated and made between the Employer/the original Employer of the first part the Guardian of the second part and the Articled Clerk of the third part the Articled Clerk was bound apprentice to the Employer/the original Employer in the practice or profession of accountancy for a term of years from the day of 19 .

And whereas by subsequent assignment all rights and liabilities of the said original Employer under the aforesaid articles of Apprenticeship have become vested in the Employer.

And whereas it has been agreed that the Articled Clerk shall serve the unexpired residue of the said term with the New Master being a Fellow in practice and the Employer has agreed with the consent of the Guardian and of the Articled Clerk to assign the said Articles of Apprenticeship to the New Master.

And whereas the Employer has paid to the New Master Rs. out of the premium received by the employer under the said Articles/Assignment

And whereas the Guardian/Articled Clerk has paid the New Master the sum of Rs. by way of further premium.

Now this deed of assignment witnesseth as follows:—

1. The Employer hereby assigns the said Articles of Apprenticeship from the day of and all his interest therein and the benefit of all covenants therein contained to the New Master to hold the same for all the residue unexpired of the said term of years

2. The New Master covenants with the Employer the Guardian and the Articled Clerk and with each of them separately:

(a) That he will take the Articled Clerk as his Articled Clerk for the unexpired residue of the said term in order that he may complete his studies and acquire the art science and knowledge of accountancy.

(b) That he will observe and perform all the covenants in the said Articles contained and on the part of the employer/the original employer to be observed and performed in like manner in all respects as if he the New Master were therein named instead of the employer/the original employer and will keep the employer/the original employer indemnified from the same and from all actions claims or demands in respect thereof.

(c) That his professional practice is suitable for the purpose of enabling him to carry out the obligations referred to in (a) and (b) above.

3. The Guardian and the Articled Clerk severally covenant with the New Master—

(a) That the Articled Clerk shall diligently and faithfully serve the New Master as his apprentice in his profession of accountancy for all the residue now unexpired of the said term.

(b) That they and each of them will observe and perform all the covenants in the said Articles contained and on their part to be performed in like manner in all respects as if the New Master were therein named instead of the employer/the original employer.

4. This Deed of Assignment is in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 41 of the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949 and is subject in all respects to such Regulations.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto set their respective hands the day and year first above written.

Executed by } "the Employer" of the First Part.  
In the presence of }  
Executed by } "the Guardian" of the Second Part  
In the presence of }  
Executed by } "the Articled Clerk" of the Third  
In the presence of } part.  
Executed by } "the New Master" of the Fourth  
In the presence of } Part.

\*NOTE If the Articled Clerk is of age the reference to Guardian will be omitted throughout and certain consequential alterations necessitated.

† Words not applicable should be deleted.

‡ May be omitted if not required.

## FORM "O"

Form of nomination of a candidate for election to the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We, the undersigned Members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, being qualified to vote in the election of members to the Council of the Institute by the constituency, do hereby nominate Mr. who is a Fellow Member of the Institute belonging to that constituency, as a candidate for the election to be held on the

(1) Signature of proposer  
Enrolment No.

Address

(2) Signature of sender  
Enrolment No.

Address

I, being a Fellow Member of the Institute belonging to the constituency, agree to stand for the election by the constituency to be held on the

I have paid the fee of Rs. 200 to the Council and the receipt is enclosed.

Signature of candidate

Address

Date this day of

## REGISTRATION OF ACCOUNTANTS

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

No. 13-A(2)/49.—With reference to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, Nos. 12-A(1)/41, 12-A(1)/47, 12-A(1)/44, 12-A(1)/45 and 12-A(2) 48, dated the 14th Oct. 1944, 29th Nov 1947, 11th Oct. 1944, 2nd Feb. 1945 and 26th Feb. 1949 respectively, it is hereby notified that in exercise of powers conferred by Rule 16 of the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, the Central Government is pleased to restore to the Register of Accountants the following names, namely:—

678 Loganathan, Congeevaram Rathavelu, G.D.A., R.A., 11, Bishop Lane, Purasawalkm, Madras.

641 Chokra, Vishwanath, G.D.A., R.A., 5/67, Western Extension, Karol Bagh, Delhi.

103 Subramania, Kizhakancherry Muthupatter, G. D.A., R.A., Chief Auditor, M.& S.M.I. Railways, Park Town, P.O., Madras.

997 Kuruvilla, Pa'akunnathu Jacob, B.Sc., B.Com., Accounts Officer (Financial), Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur 4.

1105 Krishnaswamy, P., M.A., R.A., Vadagudi House, Kalyanapuram, Tiruvadamarnour, Tanjore Dist., South India, Madras Presidency.

No. 24-A(1)/48.—Mr. G. S. Abhyankar, Bombay, and Mr. B. N. Alur, Dharwar, having been found guilty of misconduct in their professional capacity as auditors of the United Karnatak Insurance Company, Limited, Dharwar, the Central Government is pleased to declare them not to be fit and proper persons to remain enrolled at present on the Register of Accountants, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d), of sub-rule



(1) of rule 14 of the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, to remove their names, temporarily for a period of six months, from the said Register.

MERCHANT SHIPPING

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

No. 42-M.I(5)/48.—The following draft of a certain further amendment to the Indian Merchant Shipping

(Load Line) Rules, 1934, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 219 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published as required by the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st August, 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT AMENDMENT

For the First Schedule to the said Rules, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

"FIRST SCHEDULE

STANDARD FEES

Gross Tonnage	Classed ships		Unclassed Ships	
	Fees		Fees	
	1 Issue or renewal of certificate	2 Annual Survey	3 Issue or renewal of certificate	4 Annual Survey
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Under 100 tons . . . . .	80	32	192	32
100 tons and under 300 tons . . . . .	112	32	256	32
300 tons and under 500 tons . . . . .	160	48	352	48
500 tons and under 1,000 tons . . . . .	224	64	480	64
1,000 tons and under 1,500 tons . . . . .	272	80	608	80
1,500 tons and under 2,000 tons . . . . .	304	96	704	96
2,000 tons and under 2,500 tons . . . . .	336	96	800	96
2,500 tons and under 3,000 tons . . . . .	352	112	896	112
3,000 tons and under 4,000 tons . . . . .	384	128	992	128
4,000 tons and under 5,000 tons . . . . .	416	128	1,088	128
5,000 tons and under 6,000 tons . . . . .	448	128	1,184	128
6,000 tons and under 7,000 tons . . . . .	480	128	1,280	128
7,000 tons and under 8,000 tons . . . . .	512	128	1,376	128
8,000 tons and under 9,000 tons . . . . .	544	128	1,472	128
9,000 tons and under 10,000 tons . . . . .	576	128	1,568	128
10,000 tons and above . . . . .	576	128	96 for every additional 1,000 tons	128

Variations of Standard Fees—

(1) Annual Survey carried through in one operation—  
For every annual survey of any ship over 500 tons (classed or unclassified) which is carried through in one operation there shall be paid:—

(a) the standard fee, and

(b) in addition, a single fee of Rs. 32 if, for the purposes of the survey, more than one visit is paid to the ship by the Surveyor.

(2) *Annual Survey not carried through in one operation.*—For every annual survey of any ship (classed or unclassified) which is not carried through in one operation there shall be paid:—

(a) the standard fee, and

(b) in addition, a fee of Rs. 32 for every partial annual survey, and

(c) for any ship over 500 tons, in addition, a single fee of Rs. 32 for every partial annual survey in respect of which, for the purposes of the partial annual survey, more than one visit is paid to the ship by the Surveyor.

(8) Where the survey for the issue or renewal of a load line certificate is carried out by the Government of India Surveyor concurrently with that for a certificate of survey or certificate of survey and safety certificate and the ship is—

(a) a classed ship—no fee will be charged under column 1.

(b) an unclassified ship—half the fee under column 3 will be charged.

(4) Where the annual load line survey is made by the Government of India Surveyor at the same time as the survey for the issue of a certificate of survey or certificate of survey and safety certificate, no fee will be charged under column 2 or column 4.

(5) Where minor alterations have been made to a ship having a load line certificate in force, which involve an alteration of the free-board but do not require a full survey, the fee will be half the fee in column 1, whether the ship is classed or unclassified.

(6) Where for special reasons a partial survey is made and a certificate is issued or renewed for a period not exceeding twelve months, one-half of the fee appropriate to a full survey will be charged.

(7) For issue of a duplicate copy of a vessel's load-line certificate in the event of the original being lost a fee of Rs. 5 will be charged.

(8) In addition to the fees payable under the above schedule there shall be payable along with an application for survey for a load-line certificate a fee of Rs. 60 in respect of every survey which is required by such application to be made on any of the following days, namely:—

(a) Sunday

(b) Bank Holiday (January 1)

(c) Independence Day.

(d) Mahatma Gandhi's Birthday

(e) Christmas Day

(9) The charge of overtime fees in respect of surveys or inspections for a load line certificate wholly or partially carried out between the hours of 5 P.M. and 7 A.M. shall be regulated as follows:—

(a) Where on the application of the owner or agent of the ship a Surveyor is called upon to undertake the survey or inspection of a vessel after 5 P.M. and before 7 A.M. an additional fee of Rs. 50 shall be charged;

(b) Where a Surveyor is detained at the request of the owner or agent after 5 P.M. to complete a survey undertaken between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., an additional fee of Rs. 25 if the Surveyor is released from duty before 6 P.M., and of Rs. 50 if he is detained later than 6 P.M., shall be charged;

(c) Where the owner or agent has asked for survey between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M. but official arrangements have not allowed of the work being done between those hours no additional fee shall be chargeable;

(d) Where a Surveyor has been called upon as specified in clause (a) or detained as specified in clause (b) the

owner or agent shall give information of the fact in writing to the Principal Officer of the port stating the hours during which the Surveyor was in attendance."

#### LIGHTHOUSES

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. 319-M.III(1)/49.**—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Lighthouse Act, 1927 (XVII of 1927), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, No. 319-M.III(2)/47, dated the 15th May, 1948, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. A. Kirkwood Brown to be a member of the Central Advisory Committee for Lighthouses *vice* Mr. A.H. Ford, resigned.

S. JAGANNATHAN, Joint Secy.

#### EXPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. 67-OW(25A)/48.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (i) of clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Notification No. 67-OW(1)/48, dated the 26th March 1949, namely:—

In the said Notification—

(1) In item (h) of paragraph 6, the words "which are knotted and entangled and unsuitable for weaving" shall be deleted

(2) After item (i) of paragraph 6, the following items shall be added, namely:—

(j) Any piece of cloth, other than a handkerchief, napkin or towel which—

(i) does not exceed 72" in length and 9" in width at any point in the direction at right angles to the longest length;

or

(ii) has an area not exceeding 6½ square feet and does not exceed 48" at the widest point in any direction.

(k) Cotton Webbing.

(l) Cotton Belting

(m) Tape including tape newar.

(n) Bias bindings not exceeding 2" in width.

(o) Surgical dressings

(p) Sanitary Towels

(q) Tubular bandings

(r) Lace and other edgings, trimmings and borders, not exceeding 6" in width.

H. C. SARIN, Deputy Secy.

#### TEA CONTROL

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. 201(9)FT(Tea)/48.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Indian Tea Control Act 1938 (VIII of 1938), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Tea Control Rules 1938, namely:—

In Schedule II appended to the said Rules under the heading "North India" for the sub-head (6) "Dooars" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(6) Dooars and Cooch Behar".

## EXPORT CASSES

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. 308-(1) F.T. (Tea)/49.**—The following statement of accounts of the Indian Tea Market Expansion Board for the year ended the 30th September 1948 is published in the Gazette of India in accordance with rule 21 of the Indian Tea Cess Rules, 1937 :—

**INDIAN TEA MARKET EXPANSION BOARD**  
*Working Account for the year ended 30th September, 1948*

I N C O M E	—	—	E X P E N D I T U R E	—	—
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
To, Balance . . . . .		33,11,171 5 7	By Office Rent and Establishment . . . . .		33,000 0 0
Sums received from Customs Officers under Section 5(1) of the Act . . . . .	50,38,760 4 8		Promoting the sale and increasing the consumption of Tea in India . . . . .		32,87,000 0 0
Less Cost of Collection . . . . .	13,968 0 0	50,24,792 4 8	Promoting the sale and increasing the consumption of Tea in other countries . . . . .		28,90,795 0 0
Sums being the unexpended balances as on 1st October 1947 of the authorized remittances to the Commissioner for India under Section 5(2) of the Act . . . . .		40,541 1 7	Members' Travelling Expenses . . . . .		4,991 4 6
Interest on Investments . . . . .	22,725 3 3		Miscellaneous . . . . .		21,715 14 9
Profit on sale of Securities . . . . .	10,187 8 0	32,912 11 3	Balance		
			Reserve for Post War Campaign		
			As per last account		
			50,71,336 9 6		
			Interest earned during the year		
			22,725 3 3		
			Profit on sale of Securities		
			10,187 8 0	51,04,249 4 9	
			Working Deficit		
			As per last account		
			18,60,165 3 11		
			Excess of Expenditure over Income for the year		
			11,68,168 18 0	30,23,334 0 11	20,80,915 3 10
	Rs. .	83,18,417 7 1		Rs.	83,18,417 7 1

D. C. FAIRBAIN,  
Secretary.

A. K. SEN,  
Chairman.

## AUDITORS' REPORT

We report that we have audited the above account with the books, vouchers and documents produced to us and found it in accordance therewith.

CALCUTTA : }  
16th May, 1949 }  
LOVELOCK & LEWES,  
Chartered Accountants.  
Registered Accountants.

S. K. BANERJEE, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

Bombay, the 25th June 1949

**No. 15-Tex.1/49.**—In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of Clause 3 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1948, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the General Permit No. 1 contained in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101/19-Tex.1/48(i) dated the 10th September, 1948, namely:—

In the said General Permit (i) after paragraph 8 C the following shall be inserted namely:—

"8D. Transport of apparel;

Any person may transport or cause to be transported by rail, road, air, sea or inland navigation any apparel from any place in any zone to any place in that or any other zone".

(ii) For item No. (xxiv) of paragraph 6 the following shall be substituted:—

"(xxiv) hand spun yarn".

**No. 15-Tex.1/49(1).**—In pursuance of sub-clause (c) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order 1948, I hereby cancel the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101/19-Tex.1/48(ii) dated the 10th September, 1948.

**No. 15-Tex.I/49(ii).**—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (e) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order 1948, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101-TA/46(ii) dated the 20th July 1946, namely:—

In the table appended to the said Notification after entry No. 18 the following shall be added:—

<p>“14. The Provincial Textile Controller United Provinces, Kanpur.</p>	<p>The United Provinces.</p>
<p>“15. All District Magistrates in the United Provinces.</p>	<p>Within their respective jurisdictions”.</p>

**No. 25/21-Tex.2/49.**—With reference to the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 90/14-Tex.1/48 dated the 30th July, 1948 and notwithstanding anything contained in the proviso to the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 80-Tex.1/48(iv) dated the 2nd October 1948, I hereby permit every producer of yarn—

(a) to sell or agree to sell to an overseas importer and to export, on or before the 31st October, 1949, yarn of 12's counts and below, packed in February, 1949 or earlier, against a valid export quota or licence held by him;

(b) to sell and deliver on or before the 31st October, 1949 yarn of 12's counts and below, packed in February, 1949 or earlier, to any exporter who produces a declaration in Form "A" mentioned in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 80-Tex.1/48(iv) dated the 2nd October, 1948, countersigned by the Export Trade Controller; and to agree to sell such yarn before the 31st October, 1949 to an exporter, provided that an agreement made without such declaration shall be void and unenforceable if such declaration is not produced before the manufacturer within 30 day of the making of the agreement.

**No. 25/21(1)-Tex.2/49.**—In pursuance of clauses 4 and 6(1) of the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) order, 1949, I hereby permit any producer of yarn to sell or agree to sell for export, and any exporter to export, to countries other than Pakistan until the 31st October, 1949, yarn of 12's counts and below manufactured by such producer and packed during February, 1949 or earlier, notwithstanding that the said yarn has been marked in accordance with the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 80-Tex.1/48(iii) dated the 2nd August, 1948, provided the same is sold for export or exported by such producer in accordance with the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 25/21-Tex.-2/49 dated 25th June, 1949.

**No. 27/1-T(2)/48(i).**—In pursuance of clause 5 of the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, 1949, I hereby direct that the following items shall be added after item (i) in the Notification No. 27/1-T(2)/48(i) dated 26th March, 1949, namely:—

- (j) Cotton Webbing.
- (k) Cotton Belting.
- (l) Tape including tape newar.
- (m) Bias bindings not exceeding 2 in. in width.
- (n) surgical dressings.
- (o) Sanitary towels.
- (p) Tabular bandings.
- (q) Lace and other edgings, trimmings and borders, not exceeding 6 in. in width.

**No. 27/1-T(2)/48(ii).**—In pursuance of clause 5 of the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, 1949, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 27/1-T(2)/48(i) dated the 26th March 1949, namely:—

In the said Notification in item (i) the words "which are knotted and entangled and unsuitable for weaving" shall be deleted.

*New Delhi, the 25th June 1949*

**No. 9(9)-Tex.I/49.**—In pursuance of sub-clause (2) of clause 23 of the Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948, I hereby direct that every manufacturer to whom the said clause applies shall furnish true and accurate information in the Forms set out below about the manufacturing particulars of each of the varieties of cloth produced by him and the manner in which the price of such cloth has been calculated.

FORMS C & D.

T. P. BARAT, Tex. Commr.

COFFEE CONTROL

*New Delhi, the 17th June 1949*

**No. 13(1)-I-6/49.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Coffee Market Expansion Act, 1942 (VII of 1942), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Supplies, No. 13(1)-I.P./47, dated the 19th July 1947, the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Government of Mysore, is pleased to nominate Mr. Mohamed Ismail Sheriff, Labour Commissioner in Mysore, Bangalore, as a member of the Indian Coffee Board to represent the labour interests in Mysore vice Mr. B. S. Puttaswamy resigned.

*New Delhi, the 25th June 1949*

**No. 9(4)-Tex.I/49.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946, (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948, namely:—

In clause 23 of the said Order, for sub-clause (2), excluding the Explanation therein, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(2) No manufacturer shall sell or deliver—

- (i) any cloth or yarn of which the maximum ex-factory price has not been specified by the Textile Commissioner under clause 22; and
- (ii) any cloth unless he has previously sent to the Textile Commissioner a sample of such cloth of the dimensions of 6 in. x 6 in. together with true and accurate information, in the Forms prescribed for this purpose by the Textile Commissioner, about the manufacturing particulars thereof and the manner in which its price has been calculated.

M. P. PAI, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

*New Delhi, the 16th June 1949*

**No. 14(33)OUS./49.**—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 15 and sub-section (1) of section 25 of the Administration of Evacuee Property (Chief Commissioners'

Provinces) Ordinance, 1949 (Ordinance XII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to specify, with reference to the Provinces of Ajmer Marwara and Delhi, the 31st day of December 1947 and 15th day of August 1947 respectively as the dates for the purposes mentioned in the said sub-sections.

PARSHOTAM SAIKUP, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

ORDER

New Delhi, the 13th June 1949

**No. C-32-6/48.**—In pursuance of Sub-Section (1) of Section 26 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Communications No. C-32-6/48, dated the 8th October 1948, namely:—

In the table appended to the said Order in the column under the heading "Officer" for the entry "The Agent General of the Government of India in Hyderabad" the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"The Military Governor at Hyderabad"

V. K. R. MENON, Secy.

## MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

MUSEUM

New Delhi, the 17th June 1949

**No. F.8-5/49.A.1.**—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Indian Museum Act, 1910 (Act X of 1910), the Central Government is pleased to nominate Kumar Purnendunath Tagore, Chairman, Academy of Fine Arts, Calcutta, as a Trustee of the Indian Museum, Calcutta, for a period of three years with effect from the 1st July, 1949.

ARCHÆOLOGY

New Delhi, the 18th June 1949

**No. F. 4-13/48.A.2.**—The following draft of an amendment, which it is proposed to make in pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 15 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), is published as required by the said sub-section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Central Government on or after the 25th June, 1949.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the said date will be considered by the Central Government.

### DRAFT AMENDMENT

To sub-rule (1) of rule 2 of the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of Bombay in the Political and Reforms Department No. 8690, dated the 11th December, 1936, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that no visitor shall be allowed admission to the Gol Gumbad at Bijapur for a period of six months with effect from the 1st day of July, 1949.

P. N. KIRPAL, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF HEALTH

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 18th June 1948

**No. F. 1-2/47-D.**—In the Ministry of Health Notification No. F. 1-2/47-D., dated the 6th June 1949, published at page 747 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, Section 1,—

- (i) In line 8, for "to" between the words "exercise" and "the powers", read "of".
- (ii) Under *Draft Amendment*, for the item "anti-malarial drugs. 2A. Quinine and other", read "2A. Quinine and other anti-malarial drugs".

J. N. SANKHANA, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

New Delhi, the 17th June 1949

**No. F. 5-55/48-00.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by the said section, namely:—

1. *Short title.*—These rules may be called the Castor Oil Grading and Marking Rules, 1949.

2. *Grade designations.*—Grade designations to indicate the quality of castor oil shall be as set out in column 1 of Schedule I.

3. *Definition of quality.*—The quality indicated by the respective grade designations shall be as set out against each designation in columns 2 to 12 of Schedule I.

4. *Grade designation marks.*—(1) The grade designation mark to be used on tins of 1 gallon or 4 gallons capacity shall consist of a label of the design and colour set out in Schedule II, specifying the grade designation of the oil.

(2) The grade designation mark to be used on iron drums of 4-5 gallons, 30-35 gallons or 40-45 gallons capacity shall consist of labels bearing the design set out in Schedule III, in colours prescribed for the respective grade designations in Schedule II.

5. *Method of marking.*—(1) The grade designation mark shall be securely affixed to each container in a manner approved by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India. In addition to the grade designation mark, each container shall be clearly marked with such particulars and in such manner as may be specified by the aforesaid officer from time to time.

(2) An authorised packer may after prior approval of the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India mark his private trade mark on a container in a manner approved by the aforesaid officer provided that the private trade mark does not represent a quality or grade of castor oil different from that indicated by the grade designation mark affixed on the container in accordance with these rules.

6. *Method of packing.*—(1) Only new tins of 1 gallon and 4 gallons capacity and new or second hand, sound and clean drums of 4-5 gallons, 30-35 gallons and 40-45 gallons capacity shall be used for packing and these shall be securely closed and sealed in a manner approved by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India.

7. *Arrangement for analysis.*—An authorised packer shall provide and maintain a laboratory equipment and staff, as approved by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India, for the analysis of the samples of oil graded.

## SCHEDULE I

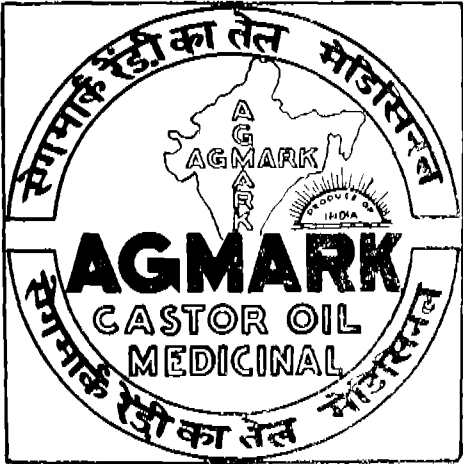
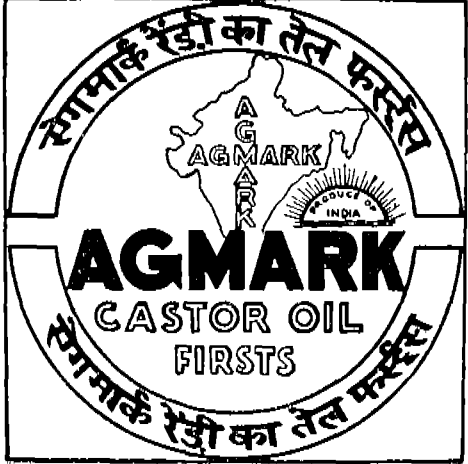


## Grade designations and definition of quality of castor oil

Grade designation	Description	Physical and chemical characteristics									
		Clarity	Colour	Specific gravity at 30°/30°C	Refractive Index at 40°C	Saponification value	Iodine value	Acid value	Acetyl value	Unsaponifiable matter	Critical solution temperature in alcohol
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Medicinal	The oil shall be the genuine cold drawn refined product of castor seed. It shall be free from admixture with other oils or fats and also from sediment and suspended matter.	The oil shall be of such a degree of clarity as to enable Bourgeois print to be read through a 4" column of the oil taken in a 100 c.c. Nessler glass.	Not deeper than 1.0 Y in 1 cm. cell on Lovibond Tintometer scale.	0.952 to 0.958	1.470 to 1.474	177 to 184	82 to 90	Not higher than 4.0	Not less than 143	Below 0.8 per cent.	Below 0°C.
Firsts Special	The oil shall be the genuine refined product of castor seed. It shall be free from admixture with other oils or fats and also from sediment and suspended matter.	The oil shall be of such a degree of clarity as to enable Bourgeois print to be read through a 4" column of the oil taken in a 100 c.c. Nessler glass.	Not deeper than a combination of 1.5 Y and 0.2 R in 1 cm. cell on Lovibond Tintometer scale.	0.952 to 0.958	1.470 to 1.474	177 to 184	82 to 90	Not higher than 2.0	Not less than 143	Below 0.8 per cent.	Below 0°C.
Firsts	The oil shall be the genuine refined product of castor seed. It shall be free from admixture with other oils or fats and also from sediment and suspended matter.	The oil shall be of such a degree of clarity as to enable Bourgeois print to be read through a 4" column of the oil taken in a 100 c.c. Nessler glass.	Not deeper than a combination of 4.0 Y and 0.4 R in 1 cm. cell on Lovibond Tintometer scale.	0.952 to 0.958	1.470 to 1.474	177 to 184	82 to 90	Not higher than 4.0	Not less than 143	Below 1.0 per cent.	Below 0°C.
Seconds	The oil shall be the genuine product of castor seed. It shall be free from admixture with other oils or fats and also from sediment and suspended matter.	The oil shall be of such a degree of clarity as to enable Bourgeois print to be read through a 1½" column of the oil taken in a 100 c.c. Nessler glass.	Not deeper than a combination of 8.0 Y and 0.8 R in 1 cm. cell on Lovibond Tintometer scale.	0.952 to 0.958	1.470 to 1.474	177 to 184	82 to 90	Not higher than 6.0	Nil	Below 1.0 per cent.	...

SCHEDULE II

Grade designation marks\* for Castor Oil

[See Rule 4(1)]

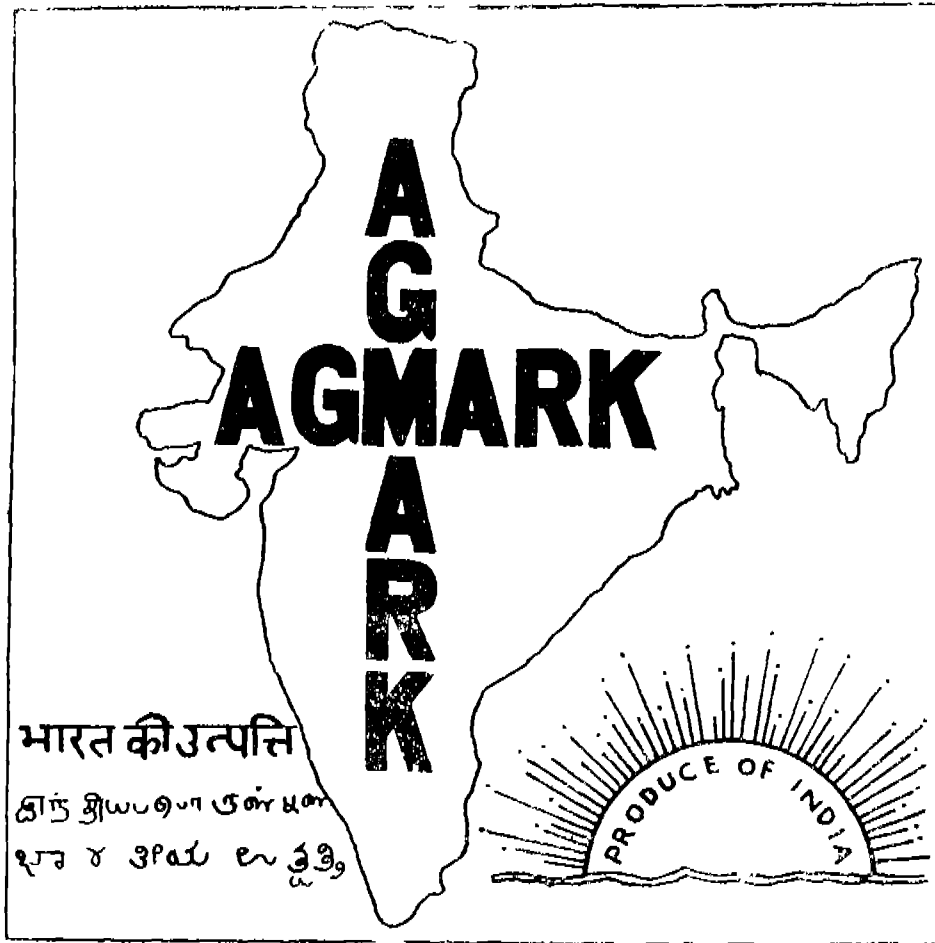
Grade designation	Design of the label	Colour of the label	Grade designation	Design of the label	Colour of the label
Medicinal	 <p>The label is circular with a map of India in the center. The text 'AGMARK' is written vertically on the left side of the map. Below the map, the words 'AGMARK', 'CASTOR OIL', and 'MEDICINAL' are printed in bold, stacked vertically. The top arc of the circle contains the Hindi text 'सेगमार्क रेडी का तेल' and the bottom arc contains 'मेडिसिनल'.</p>	White	Firsts	 <p>The label is circular with a map of India in the center. The text 'AGMARK' is written vertically on the left side of the map. Below the map, the words 'AGMARK', 'CASTOR OIL', and 'FIRSTS' are printed in bold, stacked vertically. The top arc of the circle contains the Hindi text 'सेगमार्क रेडी का तेल' and the bottom arc contains 'फर्स्ट्स'.</p>	Blue
Firsts Special	 <p>The label is circular with a map of India in the center. The text 'AGMARK' is written vertically on the left side of the map. Below the map, the words 'AGMARK', 'CASTOR OIL', 'FIRSTS', and 'SPECIAL' are printed in bold, stacked vertically. The top arc of the circle contains the Hindi text 'सेगमार्क रेडी का तेल' and the bottom arc contains 'फर्स्ट्स स्पेशल'.</p>	Red	Seconds	 <p>The label is circular with a map of India in the center. The text 'AGMARK' is written vertically on the left side of the map. Below the map, the words 'AGMARK', 'CASTOR OIL', and 'SECONDS' are printed in bold, stacked vertically. The top arc of the circle contains the Hindi text 'सेगमार्क रेडी का तेल' and the bottom arc contains 'सेकंड्स'.</p>	Yellow

\*For labels to be used on tins.

SCHEDULE III

Grade designation marks\* for Castor Oil

[See Rule 4(2)]



\* For tie-on-labels to be used on drums.

New Delhi, the 18th June 1949

**No. F. 40-18/48-Comm.**—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (g) of section 4 of the Indian Oilseeds Committee Act (IX of 1946), the Government of O.P. and Berar have renominated Shri Manakchand Baldeoji Jain of Harda, district Hoshangabad, as a member of the Indian Oilseeds Committee to represent the growers interest.

New Delhi, the 21st June 1949

**No. F.39-21/49-Com.**—In pursuance of the provisions of Rule I (10-18) and (19-27) of the Rules and Regulations of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee, the Government of Hyderabad State have renominated the Director of Agriculture, Hyderabad, and Mr. K. Satyanarayana Rao as members of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee to represent the Department of

Agriculture and the Tobacco Growers respectively, with effect from 1st April, 1949.

New Delhi, the 25th June 1949

**No. F. 17-11/49-ST.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Section (2) of section 3 of the Agricultural Produce Cess Act, 1940 (XXVII of 1940), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Agriculture No. F. 17-1/48-ST dated the 26th June, 1948, the Central Government is pleased to fix with effect from the 1st July, 1949, for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, being the articles enumerated in the schedule to the said Act, the tariff values specified in the corresponding entry in column 4 thereof.

SCHEDULE

Serial No. in the Schedule to the Act	Name of Article	Per	Tariff value 1949-50
1	2	3	4
			Rs. A. P.
1	<i>Bones</i> - Bones, broken or crushed (including bone <sup>2</sup> grist but excluding bone meal or bone manure).	Cwt.	10 0 0
3	<i>Butter</i> . . . . .	lb.	2 8 0
4	<i>Cereals other than rice and wheat—</i>		
	Bajri . . . . .	Cwt.	12 0 0
	Barley . . . . .	"	13 0 0
	Jowar . . . . .	"	12 0 0
	Malze . . . . .	"	11 0 0





1	2	3	4
15	<i>Skins, raw</i> — Goat skins (excluding kid skins)	Piece	Rs. A. P. 2 12 0
	Sheep skins (excluding lamb skins)	"	1 11 0
16	<i>Spices</i> — Chillies, dry	Cwt.	80 0 0
	Ginger, dry	"	75 0 0
	Pepper, black	"	200 0 0
	Turmeric	"	60 0 0
17	<i>Tobacco, unmanufactured</i> — Flue cured	Lb	1 11 0
	Non-flue cured	"	0 12 0
	Chewing, bidi, cheroot and cigar tobacco	"	0 12 0
18	<i>Vegetables</i> — Garlic	Cwt	40 0 0
	Onions	"	15 0 0
	Potatoes	"	22 0 0
19	<i>Wheat, all kinds</i>	"	18 0 0
20	<i>Wheat flour</i> — Wheat atta	"	20 0 0
	Wheat flour and suji	"	22 0 0

S. R. MAINI, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

## PORTS

New Delhi, the 21st June 1949

No. 8-P(58)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), and section 13-B of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879 (Bombay Act VI of 1879), the Central Government is pleased to direct that with effect from the 1st July 1949 the following further amendments shall be made in the Bombay Port Trust Port and Pilotage Charges namely:—

In the said Charges—

1. For paragraph 26 the following paragraphs shall be substituted, namely:—

“26. HIRE OF STEAM ANCHOR HOY AND FIRE FLOAT “PANWEL”, FIRE FLOATS Nos 1 AND 2 AND OTHER SUITABLY EQUIPPED CRAFT, NOT A TUG:—

(a) For examining, lifting, laying or relaying moorings, or buoys or recovering anchors or cables or any miscellaneous work within Port limits:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(i) per day of 12 hours	225	0	0
(ii) per day of 6 hours	150	0	0

(b) Attending a vessel on fire within Port limits:—

	Steam Anchor Hoy & Fire Float—“Panwel” & Fire Floats 1 and 2	Other craft, not a Tug, fitted with fire-fighting appliances.
	Rs.	Rs.
(i) for first 24 hours or any part thereof	300	180
(ii) for every subsequent 24 hours or any part thereof.	225	150

(c) For salvage services within or outside Port limits, the Deputy Conservator will levy such special charges as the circumstances of the case may warrant.

NOTE.—The above charges as at (b) shall not be applicable for attending on fires on shore or on ships lying in the port Trust Docks and bunders and alongside the Docks Harbour V.L. 3, 1949

## 26A. B.P.T. AUXILIARY FIRE SERVICE SALVAGE CHARGES.

For hire of trailer pump and/or Ballast pump. Rs. 50/—for first 8 hours or part thereof and 25% for each subsequent 2 hours or part thereof

For attendance of staff.—

Fire Officer or Section Leader in charge.	Rs. 25	} For first 8 hours or part thereof and 25% for each subsequent 2 hours or part thereof.
Motor Driver	Rs. 8	
Sub-Section Leaders each	Rs. 6	
Firemen, each	Rs. 5	

## 26B. HARBOUR LAUNCHES

1 Working day of 18 hours.	Rs. 80-0-0
3/4 Working day of 6 hours	Rs. 60-0-0
1/2 Working day of 4 hours	Rs. 40-0-0
1/4 Working day of 2 hours	Rs. 20-0-0
Hue charge for 1 hour	Rs. 15-0-0

2 Paragraph 26A shall be re-numbered as paragraph 26C.

New Delhi, the 21st June 1949

No. 9-P(27)/49:—In pursuance of section 5 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (Bengal Act III of 1890), the Sub-Area Commander, Calcutta, has been appointed as a Commissioner of the Port of Calcutta *vice* Brigadier H. Denyer.

New Delhi, the 22nd June 1949

No. 19-P(38)/47-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules for the handling and storage of compressed gas cylinders in the Port of Cochin, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

## Rules.

1. These rules may be called the Port of Cochin (Handling and Storage of compressed Gas Cylinders) Rules, 1949, and shall apply to the Port of Cochin.

2. Packages consisting of cylinders containing gases and liquids under pressure shall not be stored at the Willingdon Island Wharves or on private jetties or in cargo boats nor discharged from or shipped into vessels or cargo boats at the Willingdon Island wharves or private jetties unless they comply in every respect as to construction, marking, etc., with the Gas Cylinders Rules, 1940, or under such conditions as have been permitted by an order in writing by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, under Rule 17 of the said Rules. All working precautions prescribed in the Gas Cylinder Rules, 1940, shall be carefully observed.

Cylinders containing dissolved acetylene shall comply with clause 4 of the Schedule of Government of India, Department of Labour Notification No. M.1268(1) dated 9th January 1939

Note.—Empty dissolved Acetylene Cylinders normally contain a small amount of Acetylene dissolved in acetone and absorbed in porous mass. They shall be treated as full for purposes of this Rule.

3. Vessels having on board cylinders containing gases or liquids under pressure shall not enter the Port except in accordance with the terms of a permit in writing granted by the Conservator of the Port.

4. In cases where such cylinders are for discharge at the Willingdon Island wharves the specific written permission of the Traffic Manager shall be obtained by the Steamer Agents well in advance of the time when they are required to be so discharged.

5. The Steamer Agent shall make adequate arrangements to see that the goods are cleared by consignees immediately after landing at the Willingdon Island Wharves.

6. In the case of such goods being handed in stream and stored in places other than Port premises, advance information shall be given by the Steamer Agent to the Port Officer with copy to the Traffic Manager. The Steamer Agent shall be responsible for the strict observance of these Rules.

7. Discharge or loading at night of cylinders containing gases or liquids under pressure shall not be permitted.

8. If the goods are landed in stream the Steamer Agent shall arrange for their immediate and safe removal to godowns, Cargo Boats or other non-propelled craft in which such goods are landed from vessels in stream shall be towed immediately after discharge to private jetties or godowns.

9. Cylinders containing gases or liquids under pressure shall be brought for shipment at the Willingdon Island Wharves only after obtaining the prior permission of the Traffic Manager. They shall not be allowed to remain anywhere on the quay or any other place at the Willingdon Island Wharves, but shall be shipped immediately. For shipment in stream the prior permission of the Port Officer shall be obtained and they may be brought alongside steamers in cargo boats or other non-propelled craft under tow only.

**No. 19-P(38)/47-II.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules for the handling of Ethyl Fluid in drums in the Port of Cochin, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

#### Rules

1. These rules may be called the Port of Cochin (Handling of Ethyl Fluid in drums) Rules, 1949, and shall apply to the Port of Cochin

2. The specific written permission of the Traffic Manager should be obtained before Ethyl Fluid (in drums) is discharged at the Willingdon Island wharves.

The handling of Ethyl Fluid within Port premises shall be subject to the conditions—

(i) that Ethyl Fluid imported into the Port is packed in specially constructed steel drums of great strength and sealed with an inner and outer bung. Rolling hoops shall be fitted as an added precaution for the shell during handling. In addition, drums shall be distinctly marked to show that they contain Ethyl Fluid,

(ii) that the consignees shall make previous arrangement with the Assistant Collector of Central Excise and Traffic Manager for the immediate removal from Port premises of the entire consignment.

(iii) that Ethyl Fluid is only landed.

(a) between the hours of sunrise and sunset,

(b) after all disembarking passengers have landed,

(c) that the Traffic Manager has satisfied himself that the necessary equipment and material for dealing with any leakage occurring during or after discharge are available for immediate use, the requisite protective equipment and materials as under being supplied by the owner:

Two (2) sets of:—

(a) Rubber gloves

(b) Rubber boots

(c) Rubber apron or oil skin suit

(d) Respirator (see note).

Note.—A suitable respirator is the canister type containing a minimum of 500 c.c. of activated charcoal. A British Service type respirator is satisfactory. An air-line mask may be used if available

(iv) that no discharge of Ethyl Fluid is begun until—

(i) all the necessary documents, viz., Bill of Lading or Delivery Order, duty paid Bill of Entry, detained invoice Import Application duly endorsed by the Chief Accountant, are in the hands of the Wharf Superintendent,

(b) the necessary road and rail vehicles are in position to receive the consignment.

(v) that when discharge has been permitted the consignment is inspected on board the vessel by the Traffic Manager or an officer authorised by him in this behalf along with the Steamer Agent or his representative and the Consignees. No drum showing any signs of leakage may be landed until effectively repaired on board or placed in a larger receptacle offering sufficient protection from leakage by the Steamer Agent or his representative,

(vi) (a) that the discharge of Ethyl Fluid is supervised by a responsible and properly informed representative of the Consignees having technical knowledge of the material,

(b) that men handling drums are equipped with heavy gloves of canvas or leather,

(vii) that owners provide labour for the handling of vehicles for the immediate removal of the consignment from the Port premises,

(viii) that Ethyl Fluid drums are discharged from the vessel singly in wire-net slings by the Port cranes and removed from the slings by the owner's labour direct to road or rail vehicles

Note.—Barrel hooks should on no account be used in discharge.

(ix) that after any consignment of Ethyl Fluid has passed over the Willingdon Island Wharves, the owner's or Steamer Agent's representative inspects the places or craft and arranges to clean any point where leakage has taken place; this inspection and cleaning shall be carried out in the presence of a responsible officer of the Port and the owner's or Steamer Agent's representative shall give a certificate that the Port premises are free from contamination and fit for general use,

(x) that no Ethyl Fluid drum is in any circumstances stored in any of the Port transit sheds or warehouses, and

(xi) that measures for dealing with leakages set out below are strictly observed:—

(a) If Ethyl Fluid comes into contact with the skin, the part or parts affected should be washed clean at once with a solvent such as kerosene or petrol, followed by soap and water;

(b) Clothing that becomes contaminated by Ethyl Fluid should be removed immediately and cleaned by repeated rinsing in petrol, or a non-inflammable dry cleaning fluid;

(c) Shoes and leather covered articles that become contaminated by Ethyl Fluid should be discarded and destroyed;

(d) If Ethyl Fluid can be smelled it is being breathed. Men should be directed away from any place where it can be smelled;

(e) Men assigned to deal with a leakage of Ethyl Fluid should wear the protective equipment, as prescribed in sub-clause (iii) above.

(f) The area in which a leakage of Ethyl Fluid has occurred (including the outside of a drum) should be treated as follows:—

(i) Flush with kerosene or some other light oil solvent followed by water. If the surface permits wash thoroughly with soap working up as much lather as possible, and again flush with water.

Note.—If it is possible to obtain quickly a supply of common bleaching lime (CaO Cl2) the area should first be treated as generously with a mixture of bleaching lime and water in the form of a thin slurry (Never use the dry powder), alternatively a 5 per cent. solution of Sulphuryl Chloride (SO<sub>2</sub> Cl<sub>2</sub>) in kerosene may be used.

(ii) If contamination of an absorbent material has taken place, such as wooden flooring, dunnage, or other packing

material, then such material must after treatment as above be removed or burned.

**Note:**—Ethyl Fluid is highly coloured by means of a dye (usually yellow, red or blue) so that leakage is immediately discernible. Furthermore, Ethyl Fluid has distinctive and rather sweet smell.

3. Drums containing Ethyl Fluid shall be brought for shipment at the Willingdon Island Wharves only after obtaining the prior permission of the Traffic Manager. They shall not be allowed to remain anywhere on the quay or any other place at the Willingdon Island Wharves but should be shipped immediately.

4. In the case of Ethyl Fluid being handled in stream advance information in writing shall be given to the Port Officer with copy to the Traffic Manager. The Steamer Agent in the case of imports, and Shippers in the case of exports, shall be responsible for the strict observance of all the above Rules and conditions.

TOPAN LAL, Dy. Secy

## MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER

New Delhi, the 1st June 1949

**No. E.3 (97).**—The Central Engineering Service, Class II, Recruitment Rules are published below for general information:—

### PART I

#### General

1. These Rules may be called the "Central Engineering Service, Class II, Recruitment Rules"

2. (a) In these Rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "The Service" means the Central Engineering Service, Class II.

(b) "Scheduled Castes" means any of the castes mentioned in the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936.

(c) "Government" means the Government of India.

(d) "The Commission" means the Federal Public Service Commission.

3. The Government of India may delegate all or any of their powers and functions under these rules to any lower authority.

### PART II

#### Recruitment

4. Recruitment to the Service shall be made by any of the following methods:—

(1) By competitive examination in India in accordance with Part III of these rules.

(2) By direct appointment in accordance with Part IV of these Rules of persons selected in India otherwise than by competitive examination.

(3) By promotion in accordance with Part V of these Rules.

(4) By transfer in accordance with Part VI of these Rules.

5. (1) All appointments to the Service or to posts borne upon the cadre of the Service shall be made by the Government.

(2) No appointment shall be made to the Service or to any post borne upon the cadre of the Service by any method not specified in Rule 4.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), the method or methods of recruitment to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies in the Service or such vacancies therein as may be required to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method shall be determined by the Government.

6. Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be governed by the principles laid down in the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs Resolution, No. 16/10/47-Ests(R), dated the 21st August, 1947, (regarding communal representation in the Central Services) and the supplementary instructions issued in connection therewith.

### PART III

#### Recruitment by competitive examination in India.

7. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such time and place

or places as Government may prescribe by notice issued through the Commission. Every such notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the results of the examination.

8. The maximum number of candidates to be admitted to any examination may in the discretion of Government be limited to such number, not being less than 200, as Government may decide. If a limit is imposed and the number of candidates exceeds that limit, the Commission shall select from the applicants those who shall be admitted to the examination, and in doing so shall have regard to the suitability of the applicants and to the adequate representation of the various communities and provinces of India.

9. A candidate must be either—

(a) a national of the Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile, or

(b) a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State which has acceded to the Dominion of India, or

(c) a person of Indian descent, or a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State which has not acceded to the Dominion of India or a citizen of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India, in whose favour a declaration of eligibility has been issued by the Government of the Dominion of India.

**NOTE.**—A candidate who was domiciled in Pakistan areas, but who has migrated from such areas before the 30th September 1948, with the intention of permanently settling down in India will be treated as a person domiciled in India and no declaration of eligibility for appointment to the service under the Indian Dominion in respect of such a person will be necessary.

10. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of a member of the Service, and a candidate who is found after examination by a Medical Board not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only those candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

11. A candidate must furnish to the Commission such evidence as may be required to show that he is of good character and *prima facie* suitable for admission to the examination. Success in the examination confers no right to appointment unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the Service.

12. A candidate must have attained the age of 20 and not have attained the age of 25 on the date prescribed for this purpose in the Notice of the examination issued by the Commission. A candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste must have attained the age of 20 and must not have attained the age of 28 on the prescribed date.

These age limits apply whether or not a candidate is already in Government Service.

13. (i) A candidate shall apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

†Provided that a candidate who is in the permanent or temporary service of the Central Government or of a Provincial Government shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the head of his department or office who shall forward his application to the Commission unless he refused his consent to the application.

(ii) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one occasion on which an examination is held.

14. A candidate must—

(i) have passed Sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India),

\*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

†The submission of applications by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servant's applications for posts (Central Services) (Railway Services) Rules (published with the Government of India Home Department/Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification, No. 189/43/Ests/No. E. 34-R.R.-I, dated the 8th December 1943/22nd January 1946 as amended from time to time) and the corresponding rules made by Provincial Governments.

or any other educational qualifications recognized by that Institution as exempting from passing these sections, *vide* Appendix I; or

(ii) have obtained an engineering degree of one of the Universities mentioned in Appendix II under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or

(iii) have passed the Associateship Examination of the City and Guilds Institute (Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kensington) in Civil Engineering; or

(iv) have passed the Associate Examination of the Bengal Engineering College in Mechanical Engineering; or

(v) have obtained the B.Sc. degree in Engineering of Aligarh Muslim University.

Provided that in exceptional cases the Commission may treat a candidate, who has not any of the foregoing qualifications, as a qualified candidate provided that he is recommended by the Central Government or a Provincial Government and has passed examinations conducted by other institutions, the standard of which, in the opinion of the Commission, justifies his admission to the examination.

15. No candidate shall be admitted to the competitive examination unless he holds a certificate of acceptance for admission granted by the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the competitive examination shall be final.

16. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Part A of Schedule I). No claim for a refund of any these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under this part of these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in Part B of Schedule I.

19. After every examination, the Commission shall make a list of competitors in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each competitor, and in that order, so many competitors, upto the number of vacancies announced under Rule 7 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination, and are considered by Government to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed subject to the provisions of Rule 6 above.

20. (a) The selected candidates shall be appointed as Assistant Engineers on probation for two years. Their pay shall commence from the date of appointment under these rules and their service for increments, leave and pension shall count from the same date. In the event of more than one candidate being appointed, their seniority *inter se* shall be determined according to their position in the competitive examination.

(b) On the completion of the period of probation, the Assistant Engineers shall, if considered fit for permanent appointment, be confirmed in their appointments.

(c) Government may extend the period of two years specified in Sub-rule (a) above.

(d) If on the expiration of the period of probation referred to in Sub-rule (a) above or of any extension thereof under Sub-rule (c) above, as the case may be, the Government are of opinion that an Assistant Engineer is not fit for permanent employment, or if at any time during such period of probation or extension they are satisfied that an Assistant Engineer will not be fit for permanent appointment on the expiration of such period or extension, they may discharge the Assistant Engineer or pass such order as they think fit.

(e) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) or (d) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

#### PART IV

*Recruitment by selection in India otherwise than by competitive examination*

21. (1) Recruitment by selection shall be made from among Temporary Engineers and Temporary Section

Officers employed on the Civil Engineering side of the Central Public Works Department, after consultation with the Commission.

Provided that it shall not be necessary to consult the Commission, in the case of any person, if the Commission were consulted in connection with his temporary appointment to the Service.

(2) No person shall be eligible for selection under sub-rule (1) unless he would, but for age, be qualified for admission to the Service under Part III of these rules, and his age at the time of appointment to the service is not more than 40 years.

(3) Merit shall be the primary consideration in determining a person's fitness for selection under this rule and no officer shall have any claim to appointment under this rule as of right.

#### PART V

##### *Recruitment by Promotion*

22. Recruitment by promotion shall be made by selection on the basis of merit from among permanent Section Officers employed on the Civil Engineering side of the Central Public Works Department.

#### PART VI

##### *Recruitment by transfer of an Officer in Government Service in India*

23. The Governor General may, in special cases, and after consulting the Commission if required, transfer an officer in Government service in India to the Service.

Provided that a permanent Central Government Servant may be appointed to a post borne on the cadre of the Service without consultation with the Commission.

#### SCHEDULE I

##### Part A.—Fees (See Rule 17).

1. Candidates must pay the following fees:

A. To the Commission—

a consolidated application and examination fee of Rs. 82-8-0 (Rs. 20-10-0 in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes) with the application. (A treasury receipt or crossed Indian postal orders for the amount will be accepted by the Commission. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or by money order or by cheque).

B. To the Medical Board—

Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board (only for candidates being considered for appointment) (Candidates are required to pay the medical fee in cash to the Medical Board concerned at the time of their Medical Examination).

No claim for a refund of these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selection.

A refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18-12-0 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes) will however be made to a candidate who has paid the consolidated fee of Rs. 82-8-0 (Rs. 20-10-0 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes) but who is not admitted to the examination by the Commission.

NOTE.—The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee.

##### PART B.—STANDARD AND SYLLABUS

2. The examination will include the following subjects each of which will carry the number of marks shown against it:—

(a) <b>COMPULSORY</b>	<i>Marks</i>
(1) English (including Essay and Precise Writing)	100
(2) General Knowledge	100
(3) Applied Mechanics (including strength of materials and Theory of Structures)	200
(4) Construction	200
(i) Building materials.	
(ii) Design of structures.	
(iii) General principles governing the design of railways, roads, harbours and other works.	
(5) Surveying	100
(6) Sanitary Engineering and Water Supply	100
(7) <i>Viva Voce</i>	300
(b) <b>OPTIONAL</b>	
Any two . . . . . cts.—	
(1) Physics . . . . . and Magnetism)	100
(2) Prime . . . . .	100
(3) Hydraulics and Hydraulic machines	100
(4) Electrical Engineering	100

3. A candidate must produce a certificate that he has undergone satisfactory training in Surveying, including practical Surveying in a college or institution recognised by the Commission for the purpose of admission to the competitive examination for the service. The training must be equivalent to that given in the full course for a degree or diploma in Civil Engineering. The certificate must be signed by the Principal of, or the head of the department of Surveying in the college or institution.

For this purpose the Commission will ordinarily accept a certificate from any college or institution mentioned in rule 14 of the foregoing Rules or in Appendices J and K or from any college which is affiliated to any University mentioned in the same Rule and Appendices. The Commission, however, reserve to themselves the power not to accept any certificate if they are satisfied that the practical training referred to therein falls short of the requirements of the Service and their decision in the matter will be final.

4. The standard and syllabus of the examination shall be determined by the Commission and the Commission shall, if they think it desirable, determine what shall be the qualifying marks in all or any of the subjects of the examination.

5. If, owing to the large number of candidates appearing the Commission consider it impracticable to examine all candidates *in viva voce*, the Commission may, in their discretion, after the written marks have been compiled, summon for examination *in viva voce* only those candidates who have obtained in the written examination the qualifying marks which may be prescribed by the Commission provided that the marks secured by the candidates in the written examination shall not be disclosed to the members of the Board convened to conduct the *viva voce* examination.

6. No candidate will be considered to have qualified at the examination unless he obtains at least (i) 40 per cent of the total marks for the compulsory subjects excluding *viva voce* and (ii) 85 per cent. of the total marks for the *viva voce* test.

7. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

8. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

9. Credit will be given for orderly, effective and exact expression combined with due economy of words, in all the subjects of the examination.

#### SCHEDULE II

##### *Brief particulars regarding the Central Engineering Service, Class II*

1. Persons recruited to the Service under Part III of the Rules shall be on probation for a period of at least two years and they will receive pay in the time scale of Rs. 275—25—500—E.B.—30—650—E.B.—30—800. On completion of the probationary period, if they have passed the prescribed departmental examinations and are considered fit for permanent appointment, they will be confirmed as Assistant Engineers.

2. The Central Engineering Service, Class II, consists of a number of posts of Assistant Engineers (Sub-Divisional Officers) but persons recruited to this Service will be eligible for promotion to the Central Engineering Service, Class I, if they fulfil the conditions laid down in the recruitment rules for that Service. The Central Engineering Service Class I, comprises a number of superior posts as follows:—

11. Executive Engineers 600—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050  
1,100—1,100—1,150.

12. Administrative (Selection) posts—  
Superintending Engineers 1,300—60—1,600  
Chief Engineer (i) 2,000—125—2,250  
(ii) 1,800—100—2,000

3. *Provident Fund*.—Officers entering the Central Engineering Service, Class II, will be eligible to join the General Provident Fund and will be governed by the Rules regulating that Fund.

#### APPENDIX I

##### *List of Examinations recognised by the Institution of Engineers (India), as exempting from sections "A" and "B" of the Associate Membership Examination*

[Vide Rule 14(i)]

Institution of Civil Engineers, London.	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Mechanical Engineers, London	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Electrical Engineers, London.	The Associate Membership Examination.
Oxford	B.A. with Honours in Engineering Science Final Honours School.
Cambridge	B.A. (Honours) Mechanical Science Tripos.
St. Andrews	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Glasgow	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Edinburgh	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Dublin	B.A.I. (Ordinary, or with Honours in Engineering).
McGill University (Montreal).	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" or "Metallurgical" or "Mining" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Durham	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering, or in "Naval Architecture" (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
London	B.Sc. in (External and Internal Degree) Engineering [Not including the B. Sc. in Engineering (Metallurgy)] (Honours or Ordinary Degree). B.Sc. (Internal) in Engineering (Mining) [obtained in or after 1926]. B.Sc. (External) in Engineering (Mining) [Hons. Degree obtained in or after 1935].
Victoria University (Manchester)	B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Electrical Engineering. B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division II) in Electrical Engineering. B.Sc. Tech. (Higher Course Honours Division or ordinary Course Division I) in Municipal Engineering. B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Mechanical Engineering. B.Sc. in Engineering (Honours Degree or Ordinary Degree from 1925 onwards) B.Sc. Tech. in "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours Division in the Final Examination).
Birmingham	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Liverpool	B. Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Marine" or "Electrical" Engineering or "Naval Architecture" (Honours or Ordinary Degree.)
Leeds	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Sheffield	B. Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours Degree or Ordinary Degree with a First Class in the Final Examination. This will not be required in the cases of degrees obtained in or after June 1930). B.E. (Met) Hons. Degree only.
Bristol	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Wales	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
National University of Ireland	B.E.
Queens' University (Belfast).	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Sydney	B.E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Melbourne	B.C.E., B. Mech. E. or B.E.E.
New Zealand	B.E. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Adelaide	B.E. in "Civil", "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Queensland	B.E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Western Australia	B.E.
South Africa	B. Sc. in Engineering (until 1921).
Cape Town	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Withwatersrand	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Calcutta	B.E. Examination in Civil or Mechanical or Electrical Engineering. B. Met. and B. E. (Met.) degree.
Bombay	B.E. Examination
Madras	B.E. Examination.
Benares Hindu University.	B.Sc. Examination in Engineering. B. Sc. (Mining).
Patna	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Rangoon	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Mysore	B.E. in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.

Punjab	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Madras University	B.E
(Hyderabad).	
Travancore University	B.Sc. (Eng.) degree.
*East Punjab Engi- neering College, Roorkee	B.Sc. in Engineering

## APPENDIX 1 (a)

## Diplomas in Engineering:—

- City and Guilds (Engineering) College, Kensington
- University College, London
- King's College, London.
- City and Guilds of London Institute, Technical College, Finsbury.*—Diploma or Higher Certificate (three years' course) if taken by Matriculated Students or Students who have passed the Institution Studentship Examination or its recognised equivalent
- Royal Technical College, Glasgow.*—Final Diploma Examination in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering provided an approved Matriculation Examination has been passed before beginning the course.
- Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee*—Diploma in Civil Engineering (formerly Assistant Engineer's Certificate):
- Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.*—Diploma in Electrical Technology or in Electrical Communication Engineering.
- Manchester.*—Certificate in Technology, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
- Punjab College of Engineering and Technology (formerly Maclagan Engineering College), Mohalpur.*—'A' Class Diploma in the first division (85 per cent or more marks) and in the Honours Division (80 per cent or more marks) in (i) Mechanical Engineering and (ii) Electrical Engineering from 1935.
- College of Engineering and Technology, Jadavpur, Bengal.*—Diploma in Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering from 1941 onwards, provided the candidates have passed Inter-Examination in Science of a recognised University with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.
- College of Engineering and Technology, Jadavpur, Bengal.*—Diploma in Chemical Engineering from 1941 onwards, provided the candidates have passed the Inter-Examination in Science of a recognized University with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics
- Degree Course (without regard to whether the candidate has passed the Intermediate Examination or not) or the Special Degree Examination
- Diploma of the Faraday House, London, as obtained by actually passing the Examination of the Faraday House
- College of Engineering and Technology, Bengal.*—A pass in degree course (without regard to whether the candidate has passed the Intermediate Examination or not)
- A pass in the Special Degree Examination
- The Engineer Officers Supplementary Engineering Course.
- The Delhi Polytechnic and the All-India Diploma in Engineering when passed after completing the course of study.
- Heriot Watt College, Edinburg*—Associateship in Electrical Engineering
- Naval Officers:—*
- Examination which qualifies as Lieutenant (E) Royal Naval College, Greenwich:—
- Professional Certificate for Constructors

## APPENDIX 1 (b)

List of Diplomas or Degrees of American Engineering Institutions the Curricula of which have been accredited by the E.C.P.D. and holders of which have taken a full four years course of studies in such institutions and have had at least four years experience in practical Engineering and which have been exempted from Sections A and B of the Associate Membership examination of the Institution of Engineers (India)

(Subject to periodic revision)

- Akron, University of.*—Electrical (c) (mechanical, industrial and aeronautical options) (c).
- Alabama Polytechnic Institute.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Alabama, University of.*—Aeronautical civil, electrical industrial, mechanical, mining
- Alaska, University of.*—Civil, mining (including metallurgical and geological options)
- Arizona, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining
- Arkansas, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Brooklyn, Polytechnic Institute of.*—Chemical (day and 8-year evening), civil (a), electrical (a), mechanical (a)
- Brown University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical
- Bucknell University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical
- California, Institute of Technology*—Aeronautical (5 and 6-year course), chemical (5-year course), civil, electrical, mechanical
- California, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical metallurgical (metallurgy), mining, petroleum
- Carnegie, Institute of Technology.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (a), electrical (a,c-r), industrial (management) (a,c-r), mechanical (a,c-r), metallurgical (a,c-r)
- Case Institute of Technology*—Chemical, civil, electrical mechanical, metallurgical.
- Catholic, University of America*—Aeronautical, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical
- Cincinnati, University of.*—Aeronautical (c), chemical (c), civil (c), electrical (c), mechanical (c)
- Citadel, The.*—Civil
- Clarkson, College of Technology*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical
- Clemson Agricultural College*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Colorado School of Mines*—Geological, metallurgical, mining, petroleum
- Colorado State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Colorado, University of.*—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical (includes aeronautical option).
- Columbia University*—Chemical (b), civil (b), electrical (b), industrial (b), mechanical (b), metallurgical (b), mining (b).
- Connecticut, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical
- Cooper Union School of Engineering.*—Chemical (d), civil (d), electrical (d), mechanical (d).
- Cornell University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical
- Dartmouth College*—Civil
- Delaware, University of*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Denver, University of.*—Electrical
- Detroit, University of.*—Aeronautical (c-r), architectural (c-r), chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- Drexel Institute of Technology.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- Duke University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical
- Florida, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical
- George Washington University*—Civil, electrical, mechanical

\*So long as the college is allowed to utilize all the equipments and laboratories of the Thomason Civil Engineering College Roorkee.

- Georgia School of Technology*.—Aeronautical, ceramic (c-r), chemical (including co-operative curriculum) (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- Harvard University (d)*.—Civil, communication, electrical, industrial (engineering and business administration), mechanical, metallurgical (physical metallurgy), sanitary.
- Idaho, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy), mining (including geographical option).
- Illinois Institute of Technology (Armour College of Engineering) (g)*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Illinois, University of*.—Architectural, ceramic (technical option), chemical, civil, railway civil, electrical, railway electrical, general (f) mechanical, railway mechanical, metallurgical, mining.
- Iowa State College*.—Agricultural, architectural, ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, general (f) mechanical.
- Iowa, State University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Johns Hopkins University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Kansas, State College*.—Agricultural, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Kansas, University of*.—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.
- Kentucky, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.
- Lafayette College*.—Civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical, metallurgical, mining.
- Lehigh University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.
- Louisiana State University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.
- Louisville, University of*.—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- Maine, University of*.—Civil, electrical, general (f), mechanical.
- Manhattan College*.—Civil, electrical.
- Marquette University*.—Civil (c), electrical (c), mechanical (c).
- Maryland, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology*.—Aeronautical building and construction, chemical, civil (includes option in sanitary engineering), electrical (c-r), general (f), industrial (business and engineering administration), mechanical (c-r), metallurgical (metallurgy), naval architecture and marine engineering (including marine transportation).
- Michigan, College of Mining and Technology*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.
- Michigan State College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Michigan, University of*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, engineering, mechanics, mechanical, metallurgical, naval architecture and marine engineering, transportation.
- Minnesota, University of*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining, petroleum.
- Mississippi State College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy*.—Ceramic, civil, electrical, metallurgical, mining (mine) (including petroleum option).
- Missouri, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Montana School of Mines*.—Geological, metallurgical, mining.
- Montana State College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Nebraska, University of*.—Agricultural, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Nevada, University of*.—Electrical, mechanical, mining.
- New Hampshire, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- New Mexico College of Agricultural and Mechanic Arts*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- New Mexico School of Mines*.—Geological, mining, petroleum.
- New Mexico, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- New York, College of the City of*.—Civil (a), electrical (a), mechanical (a).
- New York State College of Ceramics*—(At Alfred University): Ceramic.
- New York University*.—Aeronautical, chemical (day and 7-year evening), civil (a), electrical (a), industrial (administrative), mechanical (a).
- New York College of Engineering*.—Civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- North Carolina State College*.—Ceramic, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- North Dakota, Agricultural College*.—Architectural, mechanical.
- North Dakota, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.
- Northeastern University*.—Chemical (c), civil (c), electrical (c), industrial (c), mechanical (c).
- Northwestern University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Norwich University*.—Civil, electrical.
- Notre Dame, University of*.—Aeronautical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy).
- Ohio State University*.—Ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical, mining (mine).
- Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College*.—Civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical.
- Oklahoma, University of*.—Architectural, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.
- Oregon State College*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Pennsylvania State College*.—Architectural, ceramic (ceramics), chemical, civil, electrical, fuel technology, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy), mining, petroleum and natural gas, sanitary.
- Pennsylvania, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Pittsburgh, University of*.—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), industrial (c-r), mechanical, metallurgical (c-r) mining (c-r), petroleum (c-r).
- Pratt Institute*.—Electrical, mechanical.
- Princeton University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Purdue University*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical.
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical.
- Rhode Island State College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Rice Institute*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Rochester, University of*.—Chemical, mechanical.
- Rose Polytechnic Institute*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- Rutgers University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, sanitary.
- Santa Clara, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- South Carolina, University of*.—Civil, electrical.
- South Dakota State College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.
- South Dakota State School of Mines*.—Civil, electrical, general (f), metallurgical, mining.
- Southern California, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.
- Southern Methodist University*.—Civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).
- Stanford University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining, petroleum.
- Stevens Institute of Technology*.—General (b).
- Swarthmore College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.



*Syracuse University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical.

*Tennessee University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College of*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum (4 and 5-year courses).

*Texas College of Mines and Metallurgy*.—Mining (mining option, mining geology, metallurgy option).

*Texas Technological College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Texas University of*.—Architectural, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum (petroleum production).

*Toledo University of*.—General (c,t).

*Tufts College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Tulane University of Louisiana*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Tulsa University of*.—Petroleum (including options in refining and production) (o-r).

*Union College*.—Civil, electrical.

*United States Coast Guard Academy*.—General (f).

*Utah State Agricultural College*.—Civil.

*Utah University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Vanderbilt University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Vermont University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Villanova College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Virginia Military Institute*.—Civil, electrical.

*Virginia Polytechnic Institute*.—Ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical.

*Virginia University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Washington State College of*.—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical (basic option), metallurgical, mining.

*Washington University*.—Architectural, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical.

*Washington University of*.—Aeronautical, ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Wayne University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Webb Institute of Naval Architecture*.—Naval architecture and marine engineering.

*West Virginia University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.

*Wisconsin University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Worcester Polytechnic Institute*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Wyoming University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Yale University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy).

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

With the exception of the chemical engineering curricula, this list is corrected to October 24, 1947, and is subject to continual revision. It applies only to curricula which have been inspected by the committee on engineering schools, whether conducted on the usual plan of operation or on the accelerated plan. At the request of the Council of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers due to the effects of the war upon education in chemical engineering, all accrediting of chemical engineering curricula ceased with the 1943 list. Until such time as reasonably normal educational activities in the chemical engineering fields have been resumed and re-examinations made no current list for this division of engineering will be published.

(a) Accrediting applies to the day and evening curricula.

(b) Accrediting applies to the 4 year and 5 year curricula leading to the bachelor of science degree.

(c) Accrediting applies to the co-operative curriculum only.

(c-r) Accrediting applies to both the co-operative and regular curricula.

(d) Accrediting applies to day and to 6 year evening curricula in the Cooper Union School of Engineering as submitted to E.C.P.D.

(e) Accrediting applies only to curriculum as submitted to ECPD and upon completion of which a certificate is issued by Harvard University certifying that the student has pursued such a curriculum.

(f) The accrediting of a curriculum in general Engineering implies satisfactory training in engineering sciences and in the basic subjects pertaining to several fields of engineering; it does not imply the accrediting, as separate curricula, of those component portions of the curriculum such as civil, mechanical, or electrical engineering that usually are offered as complete professional curricula leading to degrees in these particular fields.

(g) On July 24, 1940, Illinois Institute of Technology was formed by the consolidation of Armour Institute of Technology and Lewis Institute. Curricula now listed under Illinois Institute of Technology were listed under Armour Institute of Technology before October 24, 1940.

#### List of Accredited Curricula of Technical Institute Type.

*Academy of Aeronautics (LaGuardia Field, N.Y.)*.—Aircraft design and construction (resident full time programs and resident part time evening programs) aircraft mechanics and maintenance (resident full time programs and resident part time evening programs).

*Aeronautical Institute (Hawthorne, Calif.)*.—Electrical engineering.

*Aeronautical University, The (Chicago, Ill.)*.—Aeronautical engineering drafting.

*Bias Electrical School (Washington D.C.)*.—Fundamentals of industrial electrical engineering.

*Capitol Radio Engineering Institute, (Washington, D.C.)*.—Residence course in practical radio engineering, correspondence course in practical radio engineering.

*Franklin Technical Institute (Boston, Mass.)*.—Industrial electricity.

*Wentworth Institute (Boston, Mass.)*.—Machine construction and tool design, steam and Diesel engineering, architectural construction, electrical construction.

#### APPENDIX II

##### List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination

*Cambridge*.—Ordinary degree B.A. in Engineering, provided the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, Engineering II and Engineering III.

*Glasgow*.—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or ordinary degree).

*Durham*.—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

*Aberdeen*.—B.Sc. in Engineering (Honours or ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The regulations as to three years' study will not, however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

**No. E.3(97).**—The Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II, Recruitment Rules are published below for general information:—

### PART I

#### General

1. These Rules may be called the "Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II, Recruitment Rules".

2. (a) In these Rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "The Service" means the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II.

(b) "Scheduled Castes" means any of the castes mentioned in the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936.

(c) "Government" means the Government of India.

(d) "The Commission" means the Federal Public Service Commission.

3. The Government of India may delegate all or any of their powers and functions under these rules to any lower authority.

### PART II

#### Recruitment.

4. Recruitment to the Service shall be made by any of the following methods:—

(1) By competitive examination in India in accordance with Part III of these rules.

(2) By direct appointment in accordance with Part IV of these Rules of persons selected in India otherwise than by competitive examination.

(3) By promotion in accordance with Part V of these Rules.

(4) By transfer in accordance with Part VI of these Rules.

5. (1) All appointments to the Service or to posts borne upon the cadre of the Service shall be made by the Government.

(2) No appointment shall be made to the Service or to any post borne upon the cadre of the Service by any method not specified in Rule 4.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), the method or methods of recruitment to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies in the Service or such vacancies therein as may be required to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method shall be determined by the Government.

6. Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be governed by the principles laid down in the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs Resolution, No. 18/10/47-Ests(R), dated the 21st August, 1947, (regarding communal representation in the Central Services) and the supplementary instructions issued in connection therewith.

### PART III

#### Recruitment by competitive examination in India.

7. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such time and place or places as Government may prescribe by notice issued through the Commission. Every such notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the results of the examination.

8. The maximum number of candidates to be admitted to any examination may in the discretion of Government be limited to such number, not being less than 200, as Government may decide. If a limit is imposed and the number of candidates exceeds that limit, the Commission shall select from the applicants those who shall be admitted to the examination, and in doing so shall have regard to the suitability of the applicants and to the adequate representation of the various communities and provinces of India.

9. A candidate must be either—

(a) a national of the Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile, or

(b) a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State which has acceded to the Dominion of India, or

(c) a person of Indian descent, or a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State which has not acceded to the Dominion of India or a citizen of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India, in whose favour a declaration of eligibility has been issued by the Government of the Dominion of India.

**NOTE.**—A candidate who was domiciled in Pakistan areas, but who has migrated from such areas before the 30th September 1948 with the intention of permanently settling down in India will be treated as a person domiciled in India and no declaration of eligibility for appointment to the service under the Indian Dominion in respect of such a person will be necessary.

10. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of a member of the Service, and a candidate who is found after examination by a Medical Board not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only those candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.\*

11. A candidate must furnish to the Commission such evidence as may be required to show that he is of good character and *prima facie* suitable for admission to the examination. Success in the examination confers no right to appointment unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the Service.

12. A candidate must have attained the age of 20 and not have attained the age of 25 on the date prescribed for this purpose in the Notice of the examination issued by the Commission. A candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste must have attained the age of 20 and must not have attained the age of 28 on the prescribed date.

These age limits apply whether or not a candidate is already in Government Service.

13. (i) A candidate shall apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

†Provided that a candidate who is in the permanent or temporary service of the Central Government or of a Provincial Government shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the head of his department or office who shall forward his application to the Commission unless he refuses his consent to the application.

(ii) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one occasion on which an examination is held.

14. A candidate must—

(i) have passed Sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India), or any other educational qualifications recognized by that Institution as exempting from passing these sections, as per Appendix I; or

(ii) have obtained an engineering degree of one of the Universities mentioned in Appendix II under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or

(iii) have passed the Associateship Examination of the City and Guilds Institute (Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kensington) in Civil Engineering; or

(iv) have passed the Associate Examination of the Bengal Engineering College in Mechanical Engineering; or

(v) have obtained the B.Sc. degree in Engineering of Aligarh Muslim University.

\*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

†The submission of applications by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servant's applications for posts (Central Services) (Railway Services) Rules (Published with the Government of India Home Department/ Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. 189/43/Lt./No. E.34-R.R.I, dated the 8th December 1948/ 22nd January 1949 as amended from time to time) and the corresponding rules made by Provincial Governments.

Provided that in exceptional cases the Commission may treat a candidate, who has not any of the foregoing qualifications, as a qualified candidate provided that he is recommended by the Central Government or a Provincial Government and has passed examinations conducted by other institutions, the standard of which, in the opinion of the Commission, justifies his admission to the examination.

15. No candidate shall be admitted to the competitive examination unless he holds a certificate of acceptance for admission granted by the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the competitive examination shall be final.

16. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Part A of Schedule I). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under this part of these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in Part B of Schedule I.

19. After every examination, the Commission shall make a list of competitors in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each competitor, and in that order, so many competitors, upto the number of vacancies announced under Rule 7 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination, and are considered by Government to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed subject to the provisions of Rule 6 above.

20. (a) The selected candidates shall be appointed as Assistant Engineers on probation for two years. Their pay shall commence from the date of appointment under these rules and their service for increments, leave and pension shall count from the same date. In the event of more than one candidate being appointed, their seniority *inter se* shall be determined according to their position in the competitive examination.

(b) On the completion of the period of probation, the Assistant Engineers shall, if considered fit for permanent appointment, be confirmed in their appointments.

(c) The Government may extend the period of two years specified in Sub-rule (a) above.

(d) If on the expiration of the period of probation referred to in Sub-rule (a) above or of any extension thereof under Sub-rule (c) above, as the case may be, the Government are of opinion that an Assistant Engineer is not fit for permanent employment, or if at any time during such period of probation or extension they are satisfied that an Assistant Engineer will not be fit for permanent appointment on the expiration of such period or extension, they may discharge the Assistant Engineer or pass such order as they think fit.

(e) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) or (d) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

#### PART IV

*Recruitment by selection in India otherwise than by competitive examination*

21. (1) Recruitment by selection shall be made from among Temporary Engineers and Temporary Section Officers employed on the Electrical and Mechanical Engineering side of the Central Public Works Department, after consultation with the Commission.

Provided that it shall not be necessary to consult the Commission, in the case of any person, if the Commission were consulted in connection with his temporary appointment to the Service.

(2) No person shall be eligible for selection under sub-rule (1) unless he would, but for age, be qualified for admission to the Service under Part III of these rules, and his age at the time of appointment to the service is not more than 40 years.

Provided that where a Temporary Engineer or a Temporary Section Officer does not possess the educational qualifications prescribed in Part III of these rules but possesses special experience in some particular line of Electrical or Mechanical Engineering e.g. Air conditioning, he may with the approval of the Federal Public Service Commission, be selected for the Service.

(3) Merit shall be the primary consideration in determining a person's fitness for selection under this rule and no officer shall have any claim to appointment under this rule as of right.

#### PART V

##### *Recruitment by Promotion*

22. Recruitment by promotion shall be made by selection on the basis of merit from among permanent Section Officers employed on the Electrical and Mechanical Engineering side of the Central Public Works Department.

#### PART VI

##### *Recruitment by transfer of an Officer in Government Service in India.*

23. The Governor General may, in special cases, and after consulting the Commission if required, transfer an officer in Government service in India to the Service.

Provided that a permanent Central Government Servant may be appointed to a post borne on the cadre of the Service without consultation with the Commission.

#### SCHEDULE I

##### PART A.—FEES (SEE RULE 17)

1. Candidates must pay the following fees:

A. To the Commission—

a consolidated application and examination fee of Rs. 82-8-0 (Rs. 20-10-0 in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes) with the application. (A treasury receipt or crossed Indian postal orders for the amount will be accepted by the Commission. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or by money order or by cheque).

B To the Medical Board—

Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board (only for candidates being considered for appointment). (Candidates are required to pay the medical fee in cash to the Medical Board concerned at the time of their Medical Examination).

No claim for a refund of these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections.

A refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18-12-0 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes) will however be made to a candidate who has paid the consolidated fee of Rs. 82-8-0 (Rs. 20-10-0 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes) but who is not admitted to the examination by the Commission.

NOTE.—The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bonafide* refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee.

## PART B.—STANDARD AND SYLLABUS

2. The examination will include the following subjects each of which will carry the number of marks shown against it:—

(a) *Compulsory.*

Subjects.	No. of Marks
1. English (including Essay and Prose Writing)	100
2. General Knowledge	100
3. Electrical Engineering	200
4. Mechanical Engineering	200
5. Applied Mechanics (including strength of materials and theory of structure)	200
6. <i>Viva Voce</i>	300

(b) *Optional.*

(Not more than 2 of the following subjects):—

1. Physics (including Electricity and Magnetism)	100
2. Electrical Communication Engineering	100
3. Prime Movers	100
4. Applied Mathematics	100
5. Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines	100

3. The standard and syllabus of the examination shall be determined by the Commission and the Commission shall, if they think it desirable, determine what shall be the qualifying marks in all or any of the subjects of the examination.

4. If, owing to the large number of candidates appearing, the Commission consider it impracticable to examine all candidates in *viva voce*, the Commission may, in their discretion, after the written marks have been compiled, summon for examination in *viva voce* only those candidates who have obtained in the written examination the qualifying marks which may be prescribed by the Commission provided that the marks secured by the candidates in the written examination shall not be disclosed to the members of the Board convened to conduct the *viva voce* examination.

5. No candidate will be considered to have qualified at the examination unless he obtains at least (i) 40 per cent. of the total marks for the compulsory subject excluding *viva voce* and (ii) 85 per cent. of the total marks for the *viva voce* test.

6. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

8. Credit will be given for orderly, effective and exact expression combined with due economy of words, in all the subjects of the examination.

## SCHEDULE II

*Brief particulars regarding the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II.*

1. Persons recruited to the Service under Part III of the Rules shall be on probation for a period of at least two years and they will receive pay in the time scale of Rs. 275—25—500—E.B.—30—650—E.B.—30—800. On completion of the probationary period, if they have passed the prescribed departmental examinations and are considered fit for permanent appointment, they will be confirmed as Assistant Engineers.

2. The Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II, consists only of a number of posts of Assistant Engineers (Sub-Divisional Officers) but persons recruited to the Service will be eligible for promotion to the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class I, if they fulfil the conditions laid down in the recruitment rules for that Service. The Central Electrical Engineering Service Class I, comprises a number of superior posts as follows:—

	Rs.
I. Electrical Engineers	600—40—1000—1000—1050—1050—1100—1100—1150.
II. Administrative (Selection) posts— Superintending Engineers	1300—60—1600

3. Provident Fund.—Officers entering the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II, will be eligible to join the General Provident Fund and will be governed by the Rules regulating that Fund.

## APPENDIX 1

*List of Examinations recognised by the Institution of Engineers (India), as exempting from sections "A" and "B" of the Associate Membership Examination.*

[Vide Rule 14(i).]

Institution of Civil Engineers, London.	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institute of Mechanical Engineers, London.	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Electrical Engineers, London.	The Associate Membership Examination.
Oxford	B.A. with Honours in Engineering Science Final Honours School
Cambridge	B.A. (Honours) Mechanical Sciences Tripos.
St. Andrews	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Glasgow	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Edinburgh	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Dublin	B.A. I. (Ordinary, or with Honours in Engineering).
McGill University (Montreal)	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" or "Metallurgical" or "Mining" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Durham	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering, or in "Naval Architecture" (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
London	B.Sc. (External and Internal Degree) in Engineering [not including the B.Sc. in Engineering (Metallurgy)] (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
	B.Sc. (Internal) in Engineering (Mining) (obtained in or after 1926).
	B.Sc. (External) in Engineering (Mining) (Hons. Degree obtained in or after 1935).
Victoria University (Manchester)	B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Electrical Engineering.
	B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division II) in Electrical Engineering.
	B.Sc. Tech. (Higher Course Honours Division Ordinary Course, Division I) in Municipal Engineering.
	B.Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Mechanical Engineering.
	B.Sc. in Engineering. (Honours Degree or Ordinary Degree from 1925 onwards)
	B.Sc. Tech. in "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours Division in the Final Examination).
Birmingham	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Liverpool	B.Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Marine" or "Electrical" Engineering or "Naval Architecture", (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Leeds	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Sheffield	B. Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours Degree or Ordinary Degree with a first class in the final Examination will not be required in the case of degrees obtained in or after June 1930).
	B. E. (Met) Hons. Degree only.
Bristol	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Wales	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
National University of Ireland.	B.E.
Queen's University (Belfast).	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Sydney	B.E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Melbourne	B.C.E., B. Mech E., or B.E.E.
New Zealand	B.E. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Adelaide	B.E. in "Civil", "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Queensland.	B.E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Western Australia	B.E.
South Africa	B.Sc. in Engineering (until 1921).
Cape Town	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Witwatersrand	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Calcutta	B.E. Examination in Civil or Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
	B. M. and B. E. (Met) degrees
Bombay	B.E. Examination.
Madras	B.E. Examination.
Benares Hindu University	B.Sc. Examination in Engineering. B.Sc. (Mining).
Patna	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Rangoon	B.Sc. in Engineering.
Mysore	B.E. in Civil Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.

Punjab	B.Sc. in Engineering
Osmania University (Hyderabad).	B.E.
Travancore University	B.Sc. (Eng.) degree.
*East Punjab Engineer- ing College, Roorkee.	B.Sc. in Engineering.

## APPENDIX I (a)

## Diplomas in Engineering

City and Guilds (Engineering) College, Kensington.

University College, London

King's College, London.

*City and Guilds of London Institute, Technical College, Finsbury.*—Diploma or Higher Certificate (three years' course) if taken by Matriculated Students or Students who have passed the Institution Studentship Examination or its recognised equivalent.

*Royal Technical College, Glasgow.*—Final Diploma Examination in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering provided an approved Matriculation Examination has been passed before beginning the course.

*Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee.*—Diploma in Civil Engineering (formerly Assistant Engineer's Certificate).

*Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.*—Diploma in Electrical Technology or in Electrical Communication Engineering.

*Manchester.*—Certificate in Technology, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.

*Punjab College of Engineering and Technology (formerly Maclagan Engineering College), Moghalpura.*—'A' Class Diploma in the first division (85 per cent. or more marks) and in the Honours Division (80 per cent. or more marks) in (i) Mechanical Engineering, and (ii) Electrical Engineering from 1935.

*College of Engineering and Technology, Jadavpur, Bengal.*—Diploma in Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering from 1941 onwards, provided the candidates have passed Inter-Examination in Science of a recognised University with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.

*College of Engineering and Technology, Jadavpur, Bengal.*—Diploma in Chemical Engineering from 1941 onwards, provided the candidates have passed the Inter-Examination in Science of a recognized University with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.

Degree Course (without regard to whether the candidate has passed the Intermediate Examination or not) or the Special Degree Examination.

Diploma of the Faraday House, London, as obtained by actually passing the Examination of the Faraday House

*College of Engineering and Technology, Bengal*—A pass in degree course (without regard to whether the candidate has passed the Intermediate Examination or not).

A pass in the Special Degree Examination.

The Engineer Officers Supplementary Engineering Course.

The Delhi Polytechnic and the All-India Diploma in Engineering when passed after completing the course of study.

*Heriot Watt College, Edinburgh.*—Associateship in Electrical Engineering.

*Naval Officers:—*

Examination which qualifies as Lieutenant (E) Royal Naval College, Greenwich:—

Professional Certificate for Constructors.

## APPENDIX I (b)

*List of Diplomas or Degrees of American Engineering Institutions the Curricula of which have been accredited by the E.C.P.D. and holders of which have taken a full four years course of studies in such institutions and have had at least four years experience in practical Engineering and which have been exempted from Sections A and B of the Associate Membership examination of the Institution of Engineers (India).*

(Subject to periodic revision)

*Akron, University of.*—Electrical (c), (mechanical, industrial and aeronautical options) (c).

*Alabama Polytechnic Institute.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Alabama, University of.*—Aeronautical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, mining.

*Alaska, University of.*—Civil, mining (including metallurgical and geological options).

*Arizona, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.

*Arkansas, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Brooklyn, Polytechnic Institute of.*—Chemical (day and 8-year evening), civil (a), electrical (a), mechanical (a)

*Brown University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Bucknell University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*California, Institute of Technology.*—Aeronautical (5 and 6-years course), chemical (5-year course), civil, electrical, mechanical.

*California, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy), mining, petroleum.

*Carnegie, Institute of Technology.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (a), electrical (a,c-r), industrial (management) (a,c-r), mechanical (a,c-r), metallurgical (a,c-r).

*Case Institute of Technology.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical.

*Catholic, University of America.*—Aeronautical, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Cincinnati, University of.*—Aeronautical (c), chemical (c), civil (c), electrical (c), mechanical (c).

*Citadel, The.*—Civil.

*Clarkson, College of Technology.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Clemson Agricultural College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Colorado School of Mines.*—Geological, metallurgical, mining, petroleum.

*Colorado State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Colorado, University of.*—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical (includes aeronautical option).

*Columbia University.*—Chemical (b), civil (b), electrical (b), industrial (b), mechanical (b), metallurgical (b), mining (b).

*Connecticut, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Cooper Union School of Engineering.*—Chemical (d), civil (d), electrical (d), mechanical (d).

*Cornell University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical.

*Dartmouth College.*—Civil.

*Delaware, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Denver, University of.*—Electrical.

*Detroit, University of.*—Aeronautical (c-r), architectural (c-r), chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*Drexel Institute of Technology.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*Duke University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Florida, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical.

*George Washington University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

\* (So long as the College is allowed to utilize all the equipments and the laboratories of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee.)

*Georgia School of Technology.*—Aeronautical, ceramic (c-r), chemical (including co-operative curriculum) (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*Harvard University (d).*—Civil, communication, electrical, industrial (engineering and business administration), mechanical, metallurgical (physical metallurgy), sanitary.

*Idaho, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy), mining (including geographical option).

*Illinois Institute of Technology (Armour College of Engineering) (g).*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Illinois, University of.*—Architectural, ceramic (technical option), chemical civil; railway civil, electrical, railway electrical, general (f) mechanical, railway mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Iowa State College.*—Agricultural, architectural, ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, general (f) mechanical.

*Iowa, State University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Johns Hopkins University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Kansas, State College.*—Agricultural, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Kansas, University of.*—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.

*Kentucky, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Lafayette College.*—Civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Lehigh University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Louisiana State University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.

*Louisville, University of.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*Maine, University of.*—Civil, electrical, general (f), mechanical.

*Manhattan College.*—Civil, electrical.

*Marquette University.*—Civil (c), electrical (c), mechanical (c).

*Maryland, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Massachusetts Institute of Technology.*—Aeronautical building and construction, chemical, civil (includes option in sanitary engineering), electrical (c-r), general (f), industrial (business and engineering administration), mechanical (c-r), metallurgical (metallurgy), naval architecture and marine engineering (including marine transportation).

*Michigan, College of Mining and Technology.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Michigan State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Michigan, University of.*—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, engineering, mechanics, mechanical, metallurgical, naval architecture and marine engineering, transportation.

*Minnesota, University of.*—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining, petroleum.

*Mississippi State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy.*—Ceramic, civil, electrical, metallurgical, mining (mine) (including petroleum option).

*Missouri, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Montana School of Mines.*—Geological, metallurgical, mining.

*Montana State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Nebraska, University of.*—Agricultural, architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Nevada, University of.*—Electrical, mechanical, mining.

*New Hampshire, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*New Mexico College of Agricultural and Mechanic Arts.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical

*New Mexico School of Mines.*—Geological, mining, petroleum.

*New Mexico, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*New York, College of the City of.*—Civil (a), electrical (a), mechanical (a).

*New York State College of Ceramics.*—(At Alfred University): Ceramic.

*New York University.*—Aeronautical, chemical (day and 7-year evening), civil (a), electrical (a), industrial (administrative), mechanical (a).

*Newark College of Engineering.*—Civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*North Carolina State College.*—Ceramic, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*North Dakota Agricultural College.*—Architectural, mechanical.

*North Dakota, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.

*Northeastern University.*—Chemical (c), civil (c), electrical (c), industrial (c), mechanical (c).

*Northwestern University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Norwich University.*—Civil, electrical.

*Notre Dame, University of.*—Aeronautical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy).

*Ohio State University.*—Ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical, mining (mine).

*Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College.*—Civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical.

*Oklahoma, University of.*—Architectural, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.

*Oregon State College.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Pennsylvania State College.*—Architectural, ceramic (ceramics), chemical, civil, electrical, fuel technology, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy), mining, petroleum and natural gas, sanitary.

*Pennsylvania, University of.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Pittsburgh, University of.*—Chemical (c-r), civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), industrial (c-r), mechanical, metallurgical (c-r), mining (c-r), petroleum (c-r).

*Pratt Institute.*—Electrical, mechanical

*Princeton University.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Purdue University.*—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical.

*Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.*—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical, metallurgical.

*Rhode Island State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Rice Institute.*—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Rochester, University of.*—Chemical, mechanical.

*Rose Polytechnic Institute.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Rutgers University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, sanitary.

*Santa Clara, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*South Carolina, University of.*—Civil, electrical.

*South Dakota State College.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*South Dakota State School of Mines.*—Civil, electrical, general (f) metallurgical, mining.

*Southern California, University of.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum.

*Southern Methodist University.*—Civil (c-r), electrical (c-r), mechanical (c-r).

*Stanford University.*—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining, petroleum.

*Stevens Institute of Technology.*—General (b).

*Swarthmore College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Syracuse University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical.

*Tennessee, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Texas, Agricultural and Mechanical College of*.—Aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum (4 and 5-year courses).

*Texas College of Mines and Metallurgy*.—Mining (mining option, mining geology, metallurgy option).

*Texas Technological College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Texas, University of*.—Architectural, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum (petroleum production).

*Toledo, University of*.—General (c-f)

*Tufts College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Tulane University of Louisiana*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Tulso, University of*.—Petroleum (including options in refining and production) (c-r).

*Union College*.—Civil, electrical.

*United States Coast Guard Academy*.—General (f).

*Utah State Agricultural College*.—Civil.

*UConn, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Vanderbilt University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Vermont, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Villanova College*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Virginia Military Institute*.—Civil, electrical.

*Virginia Polytechnic Institute*.—Ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, industrial, mechanical.

*Virginia, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Washington, State College of*.—Architectural, civil, electrical, mechanical (basic option), metallurgical, mining.

*Washington University*.—Architectural, civil, electrical, industrial (administrative), mechanical.

*Washington University of*.—Aeronautical, ceramic, chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Wayne University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Webb Institute of Naval Architecture*.—Naval architecture and marine engineering.

*West Virginia University*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical, mining.

*Wisconsin, University of*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical, mining.

*Worcesters Polytechnic Institute*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Wyoming, University of*.—Civil, electrical, mechanical.

*Yale University*.—Chemical, civil, electrical, mechanical, metallurgical (metallurgy).

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

With the exception of the chemical engineering curricula, this list is corrected up to October 24, 1947, and is subject to continual revision. It applies only to curricula which have been inspected by the committee on engineering schools, whether conducted on the usual plan of operation or on the accelerated plan. At the request of the Council of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers due to the effects of the war upon education in chemical engineering, all accrediting of chemical engineering curricula ceased with the 1943 list. Until such time as reasonably normal educational activities in the chemical engineering fields have been resumed and re-examinations made no current list for this division of engineering will be published.

(a) Accrediting applies to the day and evening curricula.

(b) Accrediting applies to the 4 year and 5 year curricula leading to the bachelor of science degree.

(c) Accrediting applies to the co-operative curriculum only.

(c-r) Accrediting applies to both the co-operative and regular curricula.

(d) Accrediting applies to day and to 6 year evening curricula in the Cooper Union School of Engineering as submitted to E.C.P.D.

(e) Accrediting applies only to curriculum as submitted to ECPD and upon completion of which a certificate is issued by Harvard University certifying that the student has pursued such a curriculum.

(f) The accrediting of a curriculum in general Engineering implies satisfactory training in engineering sciences and in the basic subjects pertaining to several fields of engineering; it does not imply the accrediting, as separate curricula of those component portions of the curriculum such as civil mechanical, or electrical engineering that usually are offered as complete professional curricula leading to degrees in these particular fields.

(g) On July 24, 1940, Illinois Institute of Technology was formed by the consolidation of Armour Institute of Technology and Lewis Institute. Curricula now listed under Illinois Institute of Technology were listed under Armour Institute of Technology before October 24, 1940.

*List of Accredited Curricula of Technical Institute Type.*

*Academy of Aeronautics (LaGuardia Field, N.Y.)*.—Aircraft design and construction (resident full time programs and resident part time evening programs) aircraft mechanics and maintenance (resident full time programs and resident part time evening programs).

*Aeronautical Institute Hawthorne, Calif.*—Electrical engineering.

*Aeronautical University, The (Chicago, Ill.)*.—Aeronautical engineering drafting.

*Bliss Electrical School (Washington D.C.)*.—Fundamentals of industrial electrical engineering.

*Capitol Radio Engineering Institute, (Washington, D.C.)*

Residence course in practical radio engineering, correspondence course in practical radio engineering.

*Franklin Technical Institute (Boston, Mass.)*.—Industrial electricity.

*Wentworth Institute (Boston, Mass.)*.—Machine construction and tool design, steam and Diesel engineering, architectural construction, electrical construction.

#### APPENDIX II

*List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination*

*Cambridge*.—Ordinary degree B.A. in Engineering, provided the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, Engineering II and Engineering III.

*Glasgow*.—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or ordinary degree).

*Durham*.—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

*Aberdeen*.—B.Sc. in Engineering (Honours or ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three years' study will not, however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

H. C. GUPTA, Dy. Secy.

#### MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, the 18th June 1949

No. E49001/5/3.—The undermentioned officers took over charge of their duties in the Committee appointed to enquire into and report on the conditions obtaining in the M. & S. M. and S. I. Railways relating to health, hygiene and sanitation, with effect from the forenoon of 1st June 1949:—

- |                      |                  |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. V. RAMAN       | Member—Chairman. |
| 2. R. MADHAVACHARIAR | Member.          |
| 3. B. K. KUPPUSWAMY  | Member—Secretary |

S. S. RAMASUBBAN, S

### MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

HAJJ

New Delhi, the 17th June 1949

**No. F. 8-9/48-Hajj.**—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), the Central Government is pleased to publish the following list of names of all members nominated, elected and co-opted as members of the Port Haj Committee of Bombay:—

*Nominated*

1. Dr. M. J. Mehta, M.B.B.S., F.C.F.S., D.P.H., D.T.M., Health Officer of the Port of Bombay.
2. Dr. B. C. Dasgupta, B.Sc., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H., Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipal Corporation.
3. Mr. A. M. Shaikh, Deputy Docks Manager, Bombay Port Trust.
4. Commander(F) E. Whayman, Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Bombay.
5. Mr. A. G. Rajadhyaksha, I.P., Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
6. Mr. B. C. Desikachari, Deputy Traffic Manager, 'Rates and Claims', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay.
7. Mr. Mohamed Tahir Ansari.

*Elected*

1. Haji Noor Mohamed Ahmed, M.L.A.
2. Haji Hasanali P. Ebrahim, M.L.A.
3. Mr. M. M. A. Bhaiji, M.L.A.
4. Mr. M. A. Latif.

5. Mr. K. G. Jeelani.
6. Mr. Abdul Karim Safri.
7. Mr. Nooruddin Bandukwalla.
8. Mr. A. K. Mohamed Sheikh.

*Co-opted*

1. Mr. Abdul Kadir Abdul Aziz Khan, M.L.A.
2. Mr. Mohamed Omer Kokil.
3. Haji Ahmed Haji Abdulla.
4. Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji.

S. K. BANERJI, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 19th June 1949

**No. F.16-6/49-BO.II.**—In exercise of the Powers conferred by Order XXVII, Rules 1 and 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to authorise Mr. S. R. Kaiwar, I.C.S., the Collector of South Kanara, who is acquainted with the facts of the case proposed to be filed by the Dominion of India against Tekkadthi Kunhade in the Court of the District Munsiff of Kasaragod to sign all pleadings and other papers on behalf of the Central Government in the said case and also to verify the same and is further pleased to authorise the said Mr. S. R. Kaiwar to act for the Central Government, enter appearances, make applications and do all other acts in the said case and all proceedings arising out of or connected with the same.

Dated at New Delhi the 19th June 1949.

By order of the Central Government,

C. S. JHA, Joint Secy

### MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 14th June 1949

**No. L.L.42(3).**—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 11 of the War Injuries (Compensation Insurance) Act, 1943, (XXIII of 1943), and rule 7 of the War Injuries Compensation Insurance Rules, 1943, the

Central Government is pleased to publish the following account of the War Injuries Compensation Insurance Fund for the six months ending the 30th June, 1948:—

*Account of sums received into and paid out of the War Injuries Compensation Insurance Fund during the six months ending the 30th June 1948.*

R E C E I P T S			E X P E N D I T U R E		
Particulars	Amount	Progress of receipts upto the end of 30-6-48	Particulars	Amount during the half-year 1-1-48 to 30-6-48	Progress expenditure upto the end of 30-6-48
Advances of Premium		Rs 685,127-5-8	1 Compensation under the war injuries Compensation Insurance scheme.	(a)	Rs. 13,377-9-0
..	..	..	2. Remuneration and expenses of Govt. Agents.	..	Rs. 65,592-9-6
..	..	..	3. Expenses of the staff employed to do the work in the provinces and at the headquarters of the Central Government.	..	Rs. 1,33,770-8-6
..	..	..	4. Expenses of the additional staff employed to cope with the audit and accounting arrangements.	Rs. 689-6-9 (b)	Rs. 15,515-5-7
..	..	..	5 Miscellaneous.	..	Rs. 11,124-3-6

(a) Some payments as compensation under the War Injuries Compensation Insurance Scheme have been made during the period by the Accountant General, West Bengal, but no adjustments have been made in the books of the Accountant General, Central Revenues upto the accounts for March, 1948, Supplementary II.

(b) Represents the share of cost of one post in the the Accountant General, Central Revenues, for

audit and account of the War Injuries Compensation Insurance Scheme for the period from the 1st January to 30th June 1948. The amount has been adjusted by the Accountant General, Central Revenues, in the accounts for March, 1948.

SADASHIVA PRASAD, Dy. Secy.



*New Delhi, the 15th June 1949*

**No. LP-154(9).**—In pursuance of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Indian Mines Act, 1928 (IV of 1928), the Central Government is pleased to nominate Shri B. A., Bambawale, I.C.S., President, Board of Revenue, Government of the Central Provinces and Berar, as the Chairman of the Mining Board constituted in the Central Provinces and Berar *vide* Shri T. C. S. Jayaramam, I.C.S.

P. N. SHARMA, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 17th June 1949*

**No. LW.51(10)48.**—The following draft of certain amendments to the Mines Creche Rules, 1946, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (bb) of section 30 of the Indian Mines Act, 1928 (IV of 1928), is published as required by sub-section (1) of section 21 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be effected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th September 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*Draft Amendments*

In the said Rules—

1. In Rule 8, after sub-rule (d), the following sub-rule shall be added, namely:—

“(e) On the production of a certificate from the Chief Inspector of Mines that the productive capacity of a mine will be exhausted within the next three years, the competent authority may, in respect of the said mine, grant exemption from the construction of a creche in accordance with these rules, subject to the provision of erection of a

temporary structure to serve the purpose of a creche and such other conditions, if any, as may be imposed by the said authority.”

2. To sub-rule (1) of Rule 4, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that with the prior permission of the competent authority, it may be built of any other material which the said authority may approve.”

3. For Rule 7 the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“7. Provision of staff.

At every Creche, the owner of the mine shall appoint a creche-in-charge who shall be a woman possessing such qualifications and training as may be approved of by the competent authority and inferior staff on a scale approved by the said authority.”

N. C. KUPPUSWAMI, Under Secy.

ORDER

*New Delhi, the 18th June 1949*

**No. LW.9(23)49.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXXII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Coal Mines Labour Housing Board, constituted by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. LW.26(28)47, dated the 9th February, 1948, shall prepare plans and estimates for, and construct or carry out, all works of erection, maintenance and repair financed from the general welfare account of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund.

N. C. KUPPUSWAMI, Under Secy.

